SAFETY DATA SHEET

S02001000

Section 1. Identification			
Product name	: EL™2001 Electronic Contact Cleaner & Protectant Aerosol		
Product code	: S02001000		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
CAS #	: Not applicable.		
Product type	: Aerosol.		
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Not applicable.			
Manufacturer	: Sprayon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue, Cleveland, OHIO 44115		
National contact	: Sprayon Products 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada		
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year		
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 247-3266 Mexico: Not Available		
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available		
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 2.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 2.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 2.5%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
,	97.24	79-01-6
Carbon Dioxide	2.5	124-38-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/17/2	17 Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 3	2/13
---	---------------------------	-------------	-------------	------

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. 		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/17/	017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/201	17 Version : 3 3/13
--	---------------------------------------	---------------------

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fig	hting measures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/17/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 3	4/13
--	------------------------	-------------	-------------	------

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name Expos		Exposure limits	
Trichloroethylene Carbon Dioxide		OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].	
			TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/17/2017	Date of previous issue	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. : 4/19/2017 Version : 3 5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Trichloroethylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 537 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 269 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes. CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1070 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Trichloroethylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes.	

Appropriate engineering controls	se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust her engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminan commended or statutory limits.	
Environmental exposure controls	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. I ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process e ill be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	n some
Individual protection measured		
Hygiene measures	ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical product ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period opropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated ash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations nowers are close to the workstation location.	clothing.
Eye/face protection	afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when seessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes ases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be wo e assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash go	, mists, rn, unless
Skin protection		

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/17/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 3	6/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid.Color: Not available.Odor: Not available.Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not available.Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]Vapor density: 4.53 [Air = 1]
Odor: Not available.Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not available.Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not available.Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
pH: Not available.Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 12.5% Upper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
(flammable) limitsUpper: 90%Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density $\therefore 4.53$ [Air = 1]
Relative density : 1.44
Solubility : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available. octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight : Not applicable.
Aerosol product
Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 0 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	140700 mg/m³ >20 g/kg 4920 mg/kg	1 hours - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Trichloroethylene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Trichloroethylene	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information				
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
Trichloroethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Trichloroethylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	-	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the p	hys	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation		Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects		s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fec	<u>ts</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017

Not available.

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5059.6 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Trichloroethylene	Acute EC50 95000 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 36.5 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	96 hours 72 hours
	Acute LC50 20 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 3100 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Elminius modestus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Jordanella floridae - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
	Chronic EC10 12.3 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

......

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Trichloroethylene	-	17	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

ue : 4/19/2017

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, NON- FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, CONTAINING SUBSTANCES IN DIVISION 6.1, PACKING GROUP III	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2 (6.1)	2.2
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
Special precaution	consid	l nodal shipping descr ler container sizes. T of transport (sea, air	he presence of a sh	ipping description for	r a particular

consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/17/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 3	11/13
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	-------------	-------------	-------

Section 14. Transport information

substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Pollution category	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Proper shipping name	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Trichloroethylene

SARA 313

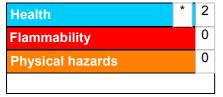
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
History	
Date of printing : 8/17/2017	
Date of issue/Date of : 8/17/2017 revision	

11	0/11/2011
:	4/19/2017
1	3
	:

Date of	of issue	/Date of	revision
---------	----------	----------	----------

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.