

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Issue Date 10-May-2017 Revision Date 10-May-2017 Version 1

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product identifier** 

Product Name Zing® Formula IV Aluminum Pontoon/Boat Cleaner

Other means of identification

Product Code N-879 Synonyms None

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name GLOBAL INDUSTRIAL

2505 MILL CENTER

PARKWAY,

BUFORD,GA 30518 (516) 608-3000

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Classification

# **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A

## Label elements

## **Emergency Overview**

# Danger

# **Hazard statements**

Harmful if swallowed
Toxic in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
May cause cancer



Appearance Colorless Physical state Liquid Odor Acidic

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific Treatment (See Section 4 on the SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

Drink plenty of water

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	5-10	*
Ammonium Fluoride	12125-01-8	1-5	*
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	9016-45-9	1-5	*
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3	.1-1	*
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	.1-1	*

<sup>\*</sup>The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## First aid measures

#### **General advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. **NOTE:** The effect of Hydrofluoric Acid (HF), i.e. the onset of pain, particularly in dilute solutions, may not be felt for up to 24 hours. It is important that workers have immediate access to the antidote (calcium gluconate) both on

and off the worksite in order to apply it as soon as possible.

**Skin Contact** 

Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. For severe burns, immediate medical attention is required. Immediately apply calcium gluconate gel 2.5 % and massage into the affected area using rubber gloves; continue to massage while repeatedly applying gel until 15 minutes after pain is relieved. Alternately, immerse the burned area in a solution of 0.2% iced aqueous Hyamine 1622 or 0.13% iced aqueous Zephiran Chloride. If finger/fingernails are touched, even if there is no pain, dip them in a bath of 5% calcium gluconate for 15 to 20 minutes. Consult a physician immediately in all cases of skin contact no matter how minor.

Eye contact

Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub affected area. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Rinse the eyes with a calcium gluconate 1% solution for 10 minutes. In the case of difficulty opening the lids, administer an analgesic eyewash. Do not use oily drops, ointment, or HF skin burn treatments. Consult an ophthalmologist or eye specialist and physician immediately in all cases. Take to a hospital immediately.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Remove the subject from the contaminated area as soon as possible. Transport subject lying down, with the head higher than the body, to a quiet, uncontaminated and well ventilated location. Administer oxygen (2.5% calcium gluconate if available, can be oxygen nebulized with trained personnel) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation if necessary and as soon as possible. If patient is unconscious, give artificial respiration. Note: Mouth to mouth resuscitation is not recommended. Keep warm (blanket). Consult physician in all cases. Take to a hospital.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water. Immediate medical attention is required. Remove from exposure, lie down. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. When directed by physician, give orally either 1% aqueous calcium gluconate solution, milk or calcium/magnesium containing anti-acid. Such solutions can be beneficial but also may be problematic if they induce vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. *Note: Mouth to mouth resuscitation is not recommended.* 

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** 

Any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

#### **Explosion data**

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions**Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. Should not be

released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent

product from entering drains.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or

tarp to minimize spreading. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take

up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Prevent product from entering drains. Dam up. After cleaning, flush away traces

with water.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation and in closed

systems. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Always add acid to water.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of

children. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep/store only in original container. Do not reuse container.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong

bases. Ammonia. Chlorinated compounds. Contact with metals may evolve flammable

hydrogen gas. Metals.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

	Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Γ	Hydrochloric Acid	Ceiling: 2 ppm	(vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm	IDLH: 50 ppm
1	7647-01-0		(vacated) Ceiling: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 5 ppm
			Ceiling: 5 ppm	Ceiling: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

		Ceiling: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ammonium Fluoride	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F
12125-01-8	_	(vacated) TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Hydrofluoric Acid	TWA: 0.5 ppm F TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	TWA: 3 ppm F TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	IDLH: 30 ppm
7664-39-3	S*	(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm F (vacated)	Ceiling: 6 ppm 15 min
	Ceiling: 2 ppm F	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
		(vacated) STEL: 6 ppm F	TWA: 3 ppm
			TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sulfuric Acid	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ thoracic	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
7664-93-9	particulate matter	(vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propargyl Alcohol	TWA: 1 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm
107-19-7	S*	(vacated) TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) S*	

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

**Other Information** Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

**Engineering Controls** Showers, Eyewash stations & Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

**Skin and body protection** Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding

stuffs. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wear suitable

gloves and eye/face protection. Keep working clothes separately.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Appearance Colorless
Color Colorless
Odor Acidic

Odor threshold No Information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

pH <1 Specific Gravity 1.06

Viscosity < 25 cP @ 25°C

Melting point/freezing point No Information available

Flash point None
Boiling point / boiling range 99 °C / 210 ° F Degrees

Evaporation rate
Flammability (solid, gas)

Solid F Degree
No Information available
No data available

Flammability Limits in Air
Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

No Information available
No Information available
No Information available

# N-879 Zing® Formula IV Aluminum Pontoon/Boat Cleaner

Water solubility Complete

Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
No Information available
No Information available
No Information available

## Other Information

Density Lbs/Gal 8.83

VOC Content (%) Not Applicable

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No data available

#### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

#### Conditions to avoid

Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

## **Incompatible materials**

Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Ammonia. Chlorinated compounds. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Metals.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine gas. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of toxic/corrosive gases and vapors. Hydrogen. Hydrogen fluoride. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**The primary effects and toxicity of this material are due to it corrosive nature.

**Inhalation** Harmful by inhalation. Breathing of vapor can cause respiratory irritation and inflammation.

Breathing of mist or liquid can cause burns to the respiratory tract.

Eye contact Avoid contact with eyes. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness.

**Skin Contact**Toxic in contact with skin. Corrosive. Contact with skin may cause severe irritation and

burns. Contact is irritating and may cause an unusual, skin rash that appears similar to ballooning of the skin. If skin is moist, formation of hydrofluoric acid can cause serious burns. These burns do not appear serious at first, but may cause severe damage if not

treated immediately.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion causes acute irritation and burns to the mucous

membranes of the mouth, trachea, esophagus and stomach.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	= 700 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5010 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 1.68 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate 9016-45-9	= 2590 mg/kg (Rat) = 1310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1780 μL/kg(Rabbit)= 2 mL/kg( Rabbit)	-
Hydrofluoric Acid 7664-39-3	-	-	= 0.79 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	= 2140 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 510 mg/m³(Rat) 2 h

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** No Information available.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Corrosivity Causes burns. Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Risk of serious damage to

eves.

**Sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity**No Information available.
No Information available.

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	-	Group 3	-	Х
Ammonium Fluoride 12125-01-8	-	Group 3	-	-
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	A2	Group 1	Known	Х

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 -Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
No Information available.
No Information available.

Chronic toxicity Chronic exposure to corrosive fumes/gases may cause erosion of the teeth followed by jaw

necrosis. Bronchial irritation with chronic cough and frequent attacks of pneumonia are common. Gastrointestinal disturbances may also be seen. Avoid repeated exposure.

Possible risk of irreversible effects.

Target organ effects EYES, Respiratory system, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No Information available.

## Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

#### The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

 ATEmix (oral)
 431.00

 ATEmix (dermal)
 526.00

 ATEmix (inhalation-gas)
 8,040.74

 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)
 2.76

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

0.09% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Hydrochloric Acid	-	282: 96 h Gambusia affinis mg/L	-
7647-01-0		LC50 static	
Ammonium Fluoride	-	364.0: 96 h Pimephales promelas	-
12125-01-8		mg/L LC50 static	
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	-	5: 96 h Fish mg/L LC50	-
9016-45-9			
Hydrofluoric Acid	-	660: 48 h Leuciscus idus mg/L	270: 48 h Daphnia species mg/L
7664-39-3		LC50	EC50
Sulfuric Acid	-	500: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	29: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
7664-93-9		LC50 static	EC50
Propargyl Alcohol	-	1.49 - 1.56: 96 h Pimephales	32: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L

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107-19-7	proi	melas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50

# Persistence and degradability

No Information available.

## **Bioaccumulation**

Bioaccumulative potential.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Hydrofluoric Acid	-1.4
7664-39-3	

Other adverse effects No Information available

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

**Contaminated packaging** Do not reuse container.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Hydrofluoric Acid	U134	-	-	U134
7664-39-3				
Propargyl Alcohol	P102	=	=	-
107-19-7				

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Ammonium Fluoride	Toxic
12125-01-8	Corrosive
Sulfuric Acid	Toxic
7664-93-9	Corrosive

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The basic description below is specific to the container size. This information is provided for at a glance DOT information. Please refer to the container and/or shipping papers for the appropriate shipping description before tendering this material for shipment. For additional information, please contact the distributor listed in section 1 of this SDS.

#### DOT

UN/ID No. UN2922

**Proper shipping name** Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 6.1
Packing Group ||

Special Provisions B2, IB2, T2, TP2

**Description** UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (contains Hydrochloric Acid and Ammonium

Bifluoride), 8, 6.1, II

**Emergency Response Guide** 

Number

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# <u>TDG</u>

**UN/ID No.** UN2922

**Proper shipping name** Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 6.1
Packing Group ||

**Description** UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (contains Hydrochloric Acid and Ammonium

Bisulfide), 8, 6.1, II

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**International Inventories** 

TSCA Complies DSL/NDSL Complies

## Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

## **US Federal Regulations**

## **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Hydrochloric Acid - 7647-01-0	1.0
Ammonium Fluoride - 12125-01-8	1.0

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard No
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

#### **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	5000 lb	-	-	X
Ammonium Fluoride 12125-01-8	100 lb	-	-	Х
Hydrofluoric Acid 7664-39-3	100 lb	-	-	Х
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	1000 lb	-	-	Х

# CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Hydrochloric Acid	5000 lb	5000 lb	RQ 5000 lb final RQ
7647-01-0			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ammonium Fluoride	100 lb	<del>-</del>	RQ 100 lb final RQ
12125-01-8			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Hydrofluoric Acid	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ
7664-39-3			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Sulfuric Acid	1000 lb	1000 lb	RQ 1000 lb final RQ
7664-93-9			RQ 454 kg final RQ

# **US State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Sulfuric Acid - 7664-93-9	Carcinogen	

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproduction harm.

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	X	X	Х
Ammonium Fluoride 12125-01-8	X	X	X
Hydrofluoric Acid 7664-39-3	X	X	X
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	X	X	X
Propargyl Alcohol 107-19-7	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not Applicable

16. OTHER	INFORMATION
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NFPA Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical

Properties Yes

Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection D

Issue Date10-May-2017Revision Date10-May-2017

**Revision Note** 

No Information available

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**