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FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD Can cause death, severe injury and/or property damage.

1. Read this manual carefully before installing or servicing this equipment. Improper installation, service or maintenance can cause death, injury and/or property damage.	Vehicles: Minimum clearances must be maintained from vehicles parked, below the heater. Ensure that adequate clearance is maintained where vehicles are in operation or being serviced.
 Check clearances given on the outside of each burner to make sure the product is suitable for your application. 	Gas Connection: There is an expansion of the radiant pipe With each firing cycle, and this will cause the burner to move
3. Installer must be a trained, experienced service technician.	with respect to the gas line. This can cause a gas leak resulting in an unsafe condition if the gas connection in not made strictly in accordance with page 12 of these
4. All service must be performed only by a trained service technician or representative	instructions.
 After installation is complete, check system operation as provided in these instructions. 	Ignition: This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device, which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
Combustibles: Failure to maintain the specified minimum clearances to combustibles could result in a serious fire hazard. Do not locate flammable or combustible materials within this distance. Signs must be posted near thermostat and in storage areas to specify maximum stacking height to maintain required clearances to combustibles. Do not locate in hazardous atmospheres containing flammable vapors or	Mechanical Hazard - Vacuum Exhauster : High speed rotating vacuum exhauster impeller/wheel can cause severe injury. Do not operate the vacuum exhauster without impeller. Loose clothing can be drawn into unguarded inlet and entangle with impeller wheel. Keep hands and fingers away from inlet and outlet. Install exhaust duct with "bird screen" or approved vent cap on vacuum exhauster outlet.
combustible dust. United States : Installations in public garages or airplane hangars are permitted when in accordance with NFPA-88 (latest edition) and NFPA-409 (latest edition) Codes.	Mechanical Hazard - Suspension : Use appropriate suspension hardware, beam clamps (rod or perforated strap) and turnbuckles at predetermined locations. The weight and normal movement of the heating system may
Canada: Installation in public garages and airplane hangars is permitted when in accordance with CAN/CGA B.149.1 & CAN/CGA B149.2.	cause support failure if the following minimum suspension requirements are not met: Distance between combination hangers must be 10-ft. (3 M) or less; chain size must be 3/0 minimum or equivalent.

NOTICE	
Failure to follow these instructions can cause personal injury or property damage:	Failure to follow these instructions can cause damage to the system components:
Caution must be used when running the system near combustible materials such as wood, paper, rubber, etc. Consideration should be given to partitions, storage racks, hoists, building construction, etc. Page 14 & 15 outlines	DO NOT high-pressure test the gas piping with the burners connected. Failure to follow this procedure will exceed the pressure rating of burner gas controls and this will require complete replacement of these parts.
minimum acceptable clearances to combustibles. If the building has a slight negative pressure or contaminants are present in the air, an outside combustion air supply to the heaters is strongly recommended. Do not use in an atmosphere containing halogenated hydrocarbons or other corrosive chemicals. Some compounds in the air can be drawn into the equipment and can cause an accelerated rate of corrosion of some parts of the radiant heat exchanger. The use of such chemical compounds in or near the enclosure should be avoided where a longer life of the burner, tubing and other parts is desirable.	DO NOT operate a blower with an unrestricted inlet. An unrestricted airflow will overload the motor, which can cause burnout or failure. This heater is designed for heating nonresidential indoor spaces. These instructions, the layout drawing, local codes and ordinances, and applicable standards that apply to gas piping, electrical wiring, venting, etc. must be thoroughly understood before proceeding with the installation.

INSTALLER

PLEASE TAKE TIME TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THESE INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO ANY INSTALLATION. Contact your representative or the factory if you have any questions

OWNER

Retain this manual in a safe place to provide your serviceman with information if the situation arises.

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Serengeti-IR[™] heating systems DO NOT qualify for use in explosion proof installations. Heaters SHALL NOT be used in living/sleeping areas.

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HEATER SAFETY



Please take time to familiarize yourself this manual as your safety is important is important to us. This symbol is used throughout this manual to notify you of possible fire, electrical, burn hazards or other safety issues. Pay special attention when reading this manual and

follow the warnings.

Read this manual carefully before installation, operation or service of this equipment.

Protective gear (including safety glasses) is to be worn during installation, set up and service. Sheet metal components, including the aluminum reflectors and field cut radiant tubes used on this system as well as various venting components have sharp edges. The use of gloves

<image>

Bottom Panel

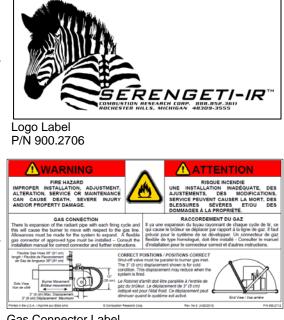
will also help in reducing dirt and oils to the surface of the reflectors.

If additional Installation, Operation and Service Manuals are needed, contact your Combustion Research Corporation independent representative or Combustion Research Corporation. The IOM's can also be found at www.combustionresearch.com.

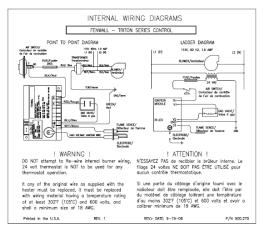
In order to help prevent personal injury and damage to the heater components, at least two persons will be required for installation.

SAFETY LABELS AND THEIR LOCATION

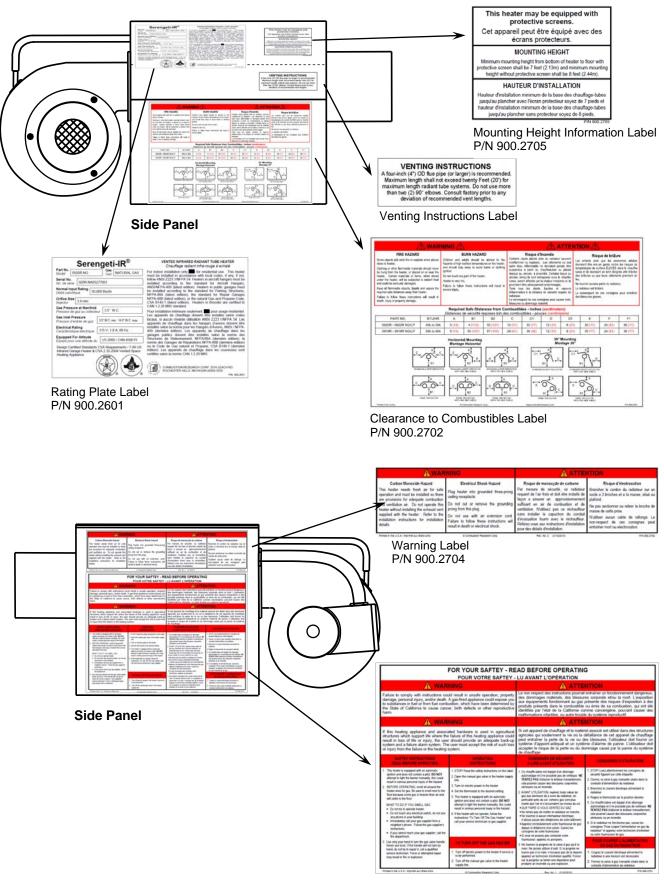
Product safety signs or labels should be replaced by the end user or servicing contractor when they are no longer legible or have been damaged. Please contact Combustion Research Corp. or your Combustion Research Corp. independent representative to obtain signs or labels.



Gas Connector Label P/N 900.2712



Wiring Schematic located inside Bottom Panel P/N 900.27D



Operating Instructions Label P/N 900.2701

WARNING SYMBOLS



Warning indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or injury.

Caution indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Notice indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

CHECKING SHIPMENT

Upon receipt of shipment, check shipment against Bill of Lading for shortages. Also check for external damage to cartons or tube bundles. Shortages and/or external damage to cartons or tubes must be noted on the Bill of Lading in the presence of delivery trucker. The delivery trucker should acknowledge any shortages or damage by initialing this "noted" Bill of Lading.

Claims for damaged material, or shortages that were not evident upon receipt of shipment must be reported to carrier and Combustion Research Corporation Sales Representatives within 72 hours.

Before starting to assemble the heater, make sure that all optional and accessory items are accounted for and are available for assembly. It is also important to verify that the correct gas burner is supplied for the gas service, i.e., natural gas burner for natural gas supply.

IMPORTANT

WARNING



IMPROPER INSTALLATION CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Read and understand these installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment. Only trained, qualified gas installation and service personnel may install or service this equipment.

These instructions, the layout drawing, local codes and ordinances, and applicable standards such as apply to gas piping and electrical wiring must be thoroughly understood before proceeding with the installation.

TESTED UNDER STANDARDS

AMERICAN STANDARDS – Z83.20-(current standard) Z21.86-(current standard) CSA Requirement 7-89

CANADIAN STANDARDS – CSA 2.34-(current standard) CSA 2.32-(current standard)

GAS FIRED BROODERS - CAN 1-2.20-M85

BUILDING CODES

In the absence of local codes, the installation must conform to the latest edition of:

United States: National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54).

Canada: CAN/CGA B149.1 and .2, Canadian Electrical Code C22.1

AIRCRAFT HANGERS

Heaters for use in aircraft hangers must be installed in accordance with;

United States: Refer to Standard for Aircraft Hangars, ANSI/NFPA 409 (latest edition).

In Canada: Refer to Standard CAN/CGA B149.1 and B149.2 and applicable Standards for Aircraft Hangars.

Basic guidelines are as follows:

1. Suspended heaters in aircraft storage or service areas shall be installed at least ten feet (10') above the upper surface of wings or engine enclosures of the highest aircraft which may be housed in the hanger. This should be measured from the bottom of the heater to the wing or engine enclosure; whichever is highest from the floor.

2. In other sections of aircraft hangers, such as shops or offices communicating with airplane storage or servicing area, heaters shall be installed in accordance with their listings and mounted not less than eight feet (8') above the floor.

3. Heaters installed in aircraft hangers shall be located so as not to be subject to injury by aircraft, cranes, moveable scaffolding or other objects. Provisions shall be made to ensure accessibility to suspended heaters for recurrent maintenance purposes.

PUBLIC GARAGES

Heaters for use in public garages must be installed in accordance with:

United States: Standard for Parking Structures NFPA 88A (latest edition) or the Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages NFPA 30A (latest edition).

Canada: Refer to CAN/CGA B149.1 and B149.2: Installation Codes for Gas Burning Appliances and applicable Standards for Public Garages.:

Basic guidelines are as follows:

1. Heaters shall be installed in accordance with their listings and not be mounted less than eight feet (8') above the floor. Minimum clearances to combustibles must be maintained from vehicles parked below the heater.

2. When installed over hoists, clearance to combustible material must be maintained from upper most point of the

hoist, or provided as insulating or reflective barrier on the hoist (consult representative or factory for guidance).

ELECTRICAL GROUNDING

The burner and blower unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with the following codes:

United States: Refer to National Electrical CodeTM, ANSI/NFPA 70 (latest edition). Wiring must conform to the latest edition of National Electrical CodeTM, local ordinances, and any special diagrams furnished.

Canada: Refer to Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1 Part 1 (latest edition).

GAS INPUT LINES

The method of pipe sizing must conform to the U.S. National Standards: ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) National Fuel Gas Code or CAN 1-B149.1 Installation Code, and should be installed in accordance with all National and Local Codes and ordinances.

CLEARANCES AND ACCESSIBILITY

Inlet air assemblies are to be installed with the air opening pointing toward the ground to protect against rain and snow. Inlet is provided with a bird screen. Adequate clearance must be provided around the inlet air assembly opening to provide an unobstructed entry for the combustion air. The air should be taken from outside the building. Clearances must be sufficient to provide accessibility for servicing. The air inlets must be a minimum of six feet (6') from the exhaust port.

HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

Where there is the possibility of exposure to combustible airborne materials or vapor, consult the local Fire Marshal, the fire insurance carrier, or other authorities for approval of the proposed installation. *Serengeti-IR*^T heating systems **DO NOT qualify for use in explosion proof installations.**

INSTALLER QUALIFICATIONS

Only firms or individuals qualified to perform work in accordance with the applicable specifications should be engaged to install a *Serengeti-IR*TM system. Consult local Building Inspectors, Fire Marshals, or the local applicable Combustion Research Corporation representative for guidance.

INSTALLER RESPONSIBILITY

Serengeti- IR^{TM} systems are installed on the basis of information given in a layout drawing. Together with these instructions and the cited codes and regulations comprise the information needed to complete the installation. The installer must furnish all needed material that is not furnished as standard Serengeti- IR^{TM} equipment, and it is his responsibility to see that such material, as well as the installation methods he uses result in a job that is workman like and in keeping with all applicable codes.

In storage areas where stacking of materials may occur, the installer must provide signs that specify the

maximum stacking height so as to maintain the required clearance to combustibles.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Combustion Research Corporation Factory Representatives are experienced in the application of this equipment and can be called on for suggestions about installation which can give the owner of the building a more satisfactory and economical installation.

When installing the *Serengeti-IR*[™] system, take maximum advantage of the building upper structure, beams, Joists, purloins etc. from which to suspend the system. Mount units at minimum height for ease of installation and maintenance but of specified height to fully utilize the building.

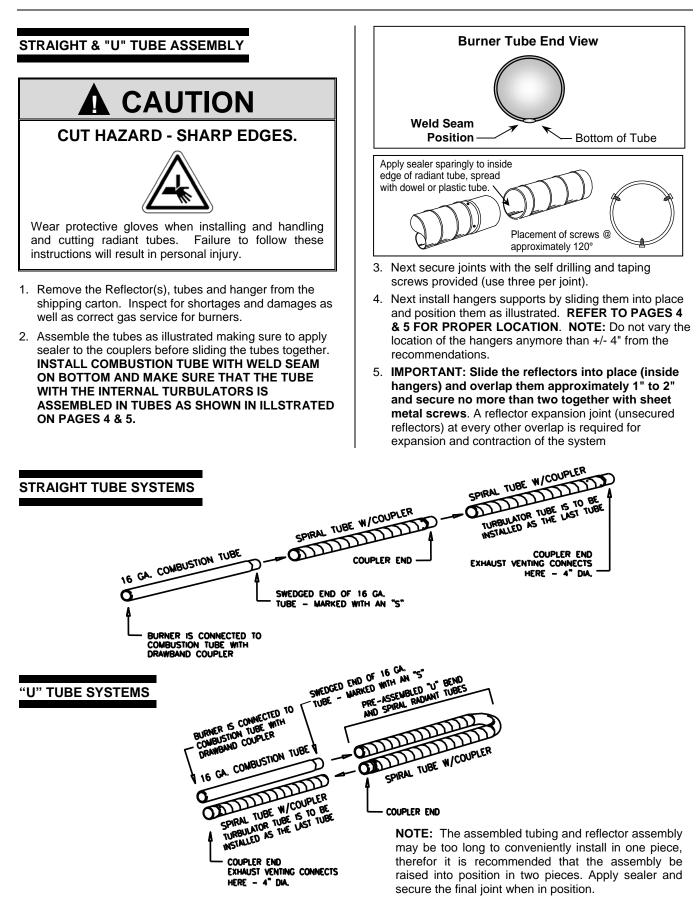
The general lay out of the *Serengeti-IR*TM heating system has been established by the engineering drawing. The *Serengeti-IR*TM heaters are used to heat building structures as well as localized areas that would include doors, loading docks and isolated workstations throughout the building. The location of the *Serengeti-IR*TM heaters should be such that the area is covered uniformly, in that the heat is positioned on the perimeter or to each side of the area to be heated, rather than directly overhead. This will give a better comfort condition for workers who would be in these areas. Consult with your representative or the factory for additional guidance in designing the optimum layout for your project.

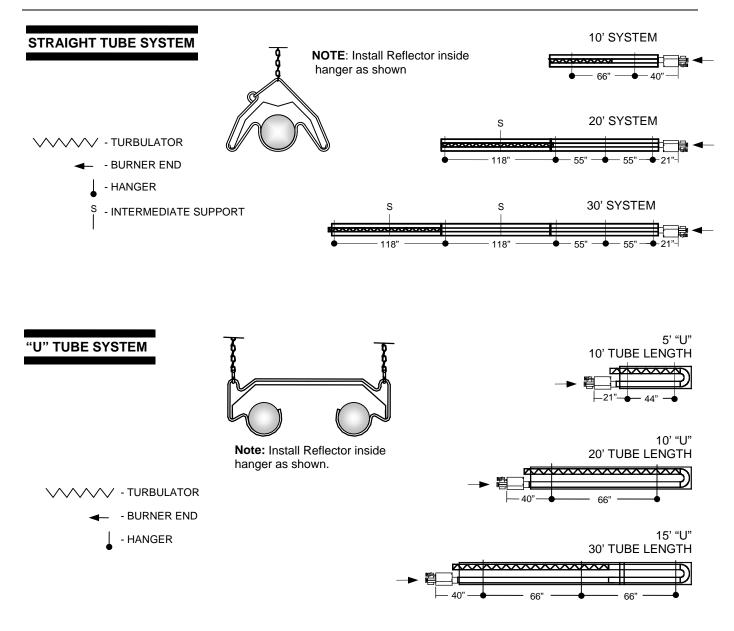
Serengeti-*IR*[™] is a suspended system, which requires that consideration be given to the factors that determine its stability, flexibility, safety, and satisfactory operation. Before installation, the contractor should inspect the building along with the owner (or engineer) responsible for the building to check on the use of the building. Inspection of the building including the use of floor space for storage and height of materials stored in the building must be noted so that there are no problems with clearances to combustibles. Particular care should be taken over doors and high objects such as busses, trucks, cranes, car lifts, etc. Whenever possible use side wall penetrations for combustion air inlets to burners and exhaust venting.

DO -

- Maintain specified clearances to combustibles, and to heat sensitive material, equipment, and workstations.
- Provide approved heat radiation shielding or barriers if needed. Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code for guidance.
- Provide access for general servicing; provide easy access for complete removal of burner and blower.
- Familiarize yourself with local and national codes. Develop a planned installation procedure, which will conserve material and labor on the job. Check to see that all material and equipment is on the job before starting installation. Be sure to accommodate thermal expansion of the hot tube.
- Use the gas connector ONLY as shown in the instructions.
- Provide end clearance so tubing won't expand and touch a wall or a structural member.

ASSEMBLY: TUBE & REFLECTOR





SUSPENSION



VERTICAL FASHION WHEN INITIALLY INSTALLED (BURNER NOT FIRING).

If chain is not supplied by Combustion Research Corp., furnish a chain with a minimum 90 lb. workload (trade size #3 or larger). A minimum of 12" (30 cm) of hanging chain is recommended. This allows for system expansion and contraction, reducing the likelihood of reflector and radiant tube warping and/or expansion noise.

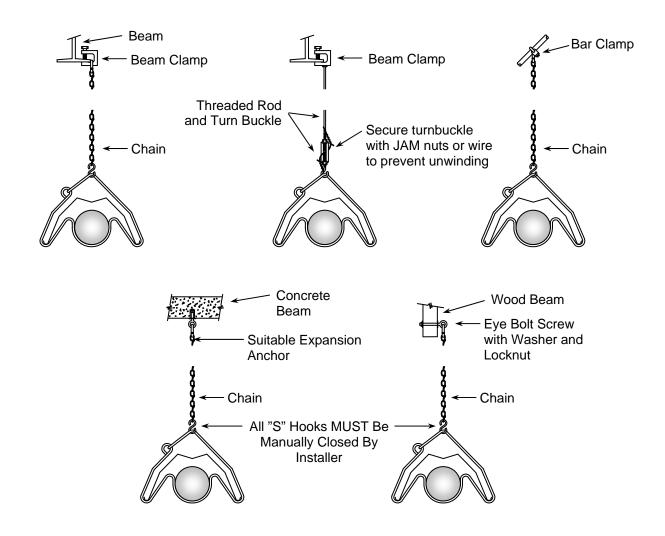
CAUTION: Infrared tube systems expand and contract upon each call for heat. System expansion of up to 4" can be expected.

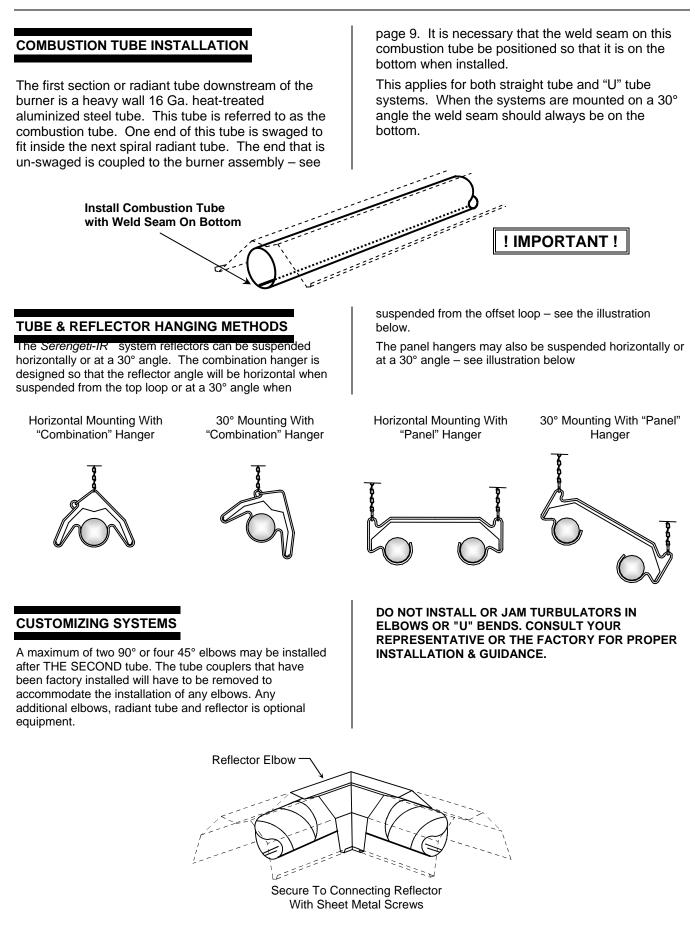
Provisions must be made to limit lateral movement when systems are installed in site conditions where open doors may create a wind condition – see page 8 for guidelines.

Radiant tubes DO NOT require sloping.

For fine adjustment turnbuckles may be used. **NOTES**:

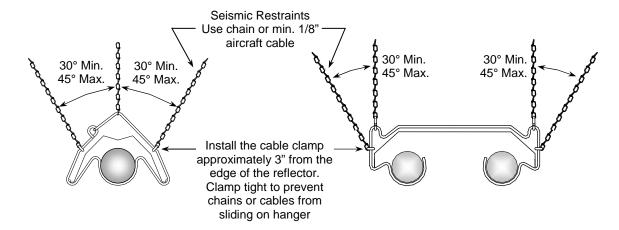
- SECURE TURNBUCKLES SO THAT THEY WILL NOT UNWIND OR UN-SCREW.
- CRIMP "S" HOOKS CLOSED BEFORE LEAVING JOB. REFLECTORS ARE NOT TO BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF COMBINATION HANGERS.





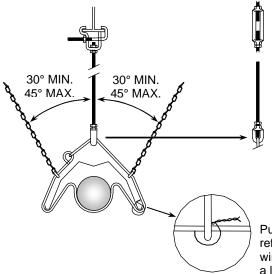
SEISMIC RESTRAINT SUSPENSION METHODS

For standard seismic restraint such as earthquake prone areas, install seismic restraint chain or cable as shown below. If high winds can be encountered in the building, such as found in airplane hangers where opposing doors are simultaneously open, or system is installed near or below the door opening, additional support of the radiant tube and reflector network will be required. See the "Seismic Suspension For High Wind Applications" below for details. If there are any questions regarding what method is best suited for your application consult your sales representative or contact the factory. If the system is a straight system (no elbows or tee's), apply an anti sway chain or wire rope which is parallel to the radiant tube at approximately the middle of the run.

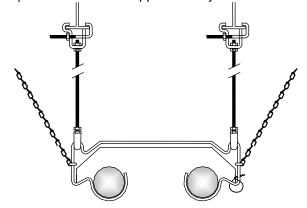


SEISMIC RESTRAINT FOR HIGH WIND APPLICATIONS

In high wind conditions it is recommended that seismic restraints and reflector retention wire be installed. See details below for recommended installation of seismic restraint and anti sway retention chains (wire rope). The vertical threaded rod shall be attached and suspend the reflector hangers at intervals of eight to ten feet (8' - 10'). At least one vertical threaded rod shall be placed at every elbow and/or tee connection. The threaded



rod is used to prevent the system from lifting during high wind conditions, the chain or wire rope will keep the system from swaying from side to side. When connecting threaded rod to "Z" purlin use beam clamp or drill a hole through "Z" purlin and secure with two 3/8" nuts and a lock washer. If the system is a straight system (no elbows or tee's), apply an anti sway chain or wire rope which is parallel to the radiant tube at approximately the middle of the run.



Punch or drill a small hole (approximately 1/8") in the reflector near the reflector hanger. Insert an appropriate length of 14 Ga. galvanized wire through this hole and encircle the combination hanger. Maintain a loose loop around the hanger, this will allow for expansion of the system. Twist the ends of the wire together and trim as required. This retention wire may be installed on either sides, or edges of the reflector for severe wind conditions.

CONNECTING BURNER ASSEMBLY TO RADIANT TUBE/REFLECTOR ASSEMBLY

A WARNING

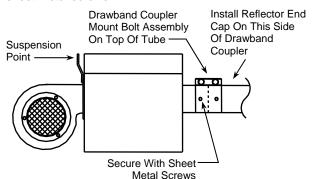
FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

There Is expansion of the radiant pipe with each firing cycle and this will cause the burner to move with respect to the gas line. This can cause an unsafe condition if the gas pipe connection is not done in strict accordance to the instructions.

1. Remove the burner assembly from its shipping carton and using the same type of chain, hang the burner so that it butts up to the 16 Ga. tube of the tubing and reflector assembly, and connect the two with the draw band coupler provided. **IMPORTANT NOTE** - THE WELD SEAM OF THE 16GA. TUBE **MUST BE** POSITIONED SO THAT IT IS ON THE BOTTOM. Position bolting assembly on the **TOP SIDE** of the tube assembly as shown. After tightening the coupler, check to make sure the burner is lined up squarely - reposition as may be required, and retighten the drawband clamp. Secure with 2 sheet metal screws. See illustration below. Install reflector end cap at the burner end of the reflector. Fasten to reflector with sheet metal screws.



2. Connect the thermostat, gas and electrical supplies and hook up the exhaust flue and combustion air supply as it outlined in this manual.

3. The system is now ready to be fired. Refer to the START UP section of this manual.

NOTES: Heater must be independently supported and not rely on the gas or electrical line for any of its support.

If there is not a convenient point for suspending the hanging chain above the heater DO NOT try to "stretch" the span by having severe angles on the chain. Rather build a bridge between the existing building structure using Angle Iron, Uni-strut, etc. and then suspend the chain so that it hangs vertically.

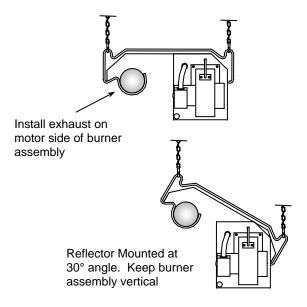


NOTE: On "U" tube systems, install exhaust end of radiant tube on motor side of burner assembly. This will allow easy access to burner controls and is necessary for proper burner operation for un-vented systems.

8.5"

-11.25"-

22.5"-



GAS SUPPLY



ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Follow these warnings exactly.

- 1. Disconnect power supply before wiring to prevent electrical shock or equipment damage.
- 2. To avoid dangerous accumulation of fuel gas, turn off gas supply at the appliance service valve before starting installation, and perform Gas Leak Test after completion of installation.
- 3. Always install sediment trap in gas supply line to prevent contamination of gas control.

Meter and service must be large enough to handle all the burners being installed plus any other connected load. When gas piping is not included in the layout drawing, the local gas supplier will usually help in planning the gas piping.

- Support all gas piping with suitable suspension materials and in accordance with local codes
- Use wrought iron or wrought steel pipe and malleable iron fittings. All pipe and fittings should be new and free from defects. Ream the pipe ends and tubing ends to remove obstructions and burs.
- Use LP-gas resistant joint compound on all threads. Apply only to male end of piping.

Check all piping, fittings and connections for leaks before placing heating equipment into service. Use only soap and water solution for checking for gas leaks, NEVER use and open flame. In industrial installations where the natural gas pressure at the meter is available at higher pressure than the standard 7" TO 14" W.C., it may be possible to cut down on gas piping costs (when local codes and the Fire Marshal approve) by running high pressure gas lines inside the building or on the outside of the building. In no case should the pressure exceed 10% of the service supply pressure. When using a high pressure gas distribution system each heating zone should be equipped with a pounds to inches service regulator with soft seat, positive 100% lock-up.

Allowing high gas pressure on the downstream side of the regulator will damage the control valve in the gas train. The outlet pressure of the service regulators should be set at 7" W.C. for natural gas and 11" W.C. for LP gases/propane gases. If it is not practical to regulate in "zones", each burner may be equipped with its own regulator.

To meet the requirements of 100% positive lock-up and internal relief vent must be piped to the outside of the building. It is recommended that an intermediate service regulator, such as a Maxitrol 325 Series or approved equal be used.

The typical discharge pressure on the down stream side of the gas meter furnished by the gas company is usually 5 P.S.I.G. while the discharge pressure of the regulator on the propane tank is usually set at 15 P.S.I.G.

Proper sizing of low and high pressure piping distribution systems for natural gas should be made in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) NFPA No. 54. Consult the supplier of the propane tank and vaporizing system for the sizing of the piping system for LP gas pipe work.

When leak testing the gas piping system, the Serengeti-IR[™] burners must be isolated from the gas piping system. High-pressure compressed air used in the leak test will damage the control valve in the burner gas train, which will result in unsafe operation of the burner(s). For proper and safe test procedures, observe the provisions of Part #4, of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) - *Inspection, Testing and Purging* or refer to equivalent local. In Canadian see gas code CAN/CGA-B149.1- M91.

NOTE: It is important that the entire system, up to the burner gas connection, be checked for leaks, prior to start up.

	NATURAL GAS									
Pipe		Total Length of Pipe (feet)								
Size	20'	40'	60'	80'	100'	150'	200'			
1⁄2"	120	82	66	57	50	40	35			
3⁄4"	250	170	138	118	103	84	72			
1"	465	320	260	220	195	160	135			
1-¼"	848	600	517	427	380	310	268			
1-1⁄2"	1316	931	801	661	588	480	416			
1/	PIPE CAPACITY - MBTU/HR ½" W.C. P.D. WITH 7.0" SUPPLY PRESSURE									

GAS PIPE SIZING CHART

	LP / PROPANE GAS								
Pipe	Pipe Total Length of Pipe (feet)								
Size	20'	40'	60'	80'	100'	150'	200'		
1⁄2"	275	129	103	89	78	63	54		
3⁄4"	567	267	217	185	162	132	112		
1"	1071	504	409	346	307	252	209		
1-¼"	2205	1039	834	724	630	511	439		
1-1⁄2"	3307	1559	1275	1086	976	787	665		
1/2	PIPE CAPACITY - MBTU/HR 1/2" W.C. P.D. WITH 11.0" SUPPLY PRESSURE								

Combustion Research Corporation

FLEXIBLE GAS CONNECTOR

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD





IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

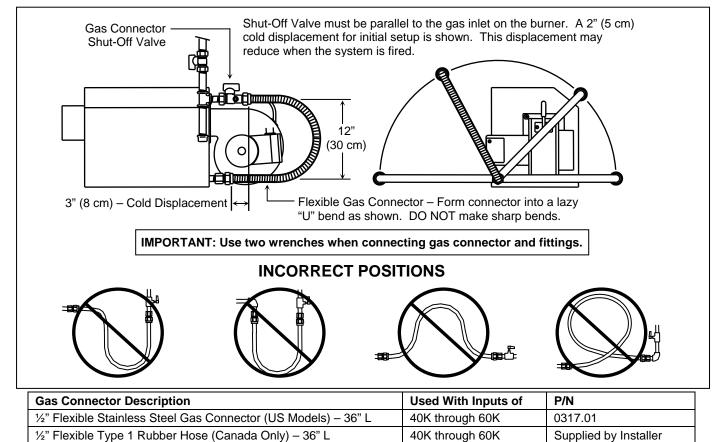
There Is expansion of the radiant pipe with each firing cycle and this will cause the burner to move with respect to the gas line. This can cause an unsafe condition if the gas pipe connection is not done in strict accordance to the instructions.

United States - Use only the stainless steel flexible gas connector as supplied by Combustion Research Corporation.

Canada – Use approved gas connector as outlined in B149 Codes; Type 1, minimum 36" long. See chart below for sizing. This hose is to be supplied by the Installer contractor. Install the flex connector as shown in the diagram below. This gas connector accommodates the normal expansion of the system. Before connecting the gas connector verify that all high-pressure testing has been completed.

The gas connector shut off valve must be parallel to the gas inlet on the burner. A 2" (5cm) cold displacement for initial setup is shown. This displacement may reduce when the system is fired.

- Do not high pressure test the gas piping with the burner connected. Failure to follow these instructions can result in property damage.
- Check the pipe and tubing ends for leaks before placing heating equipment into service. When checking for gas leaks, use a soap and water solution, never use an open flame. The loop of the gas flex MUST BE parallel or in line with the gas inlet pipe on the burner.
- The displacement as shown is for cold, non-firing condition. This displacement will vary as system heats up.
- Install drip leg in accordance with all applicable codes.
- EXCESSIVE TORQUE ON THE BURNER GAS INLET MANIFOLD MAY CAUSE DAMAGE. ALWAYS USE TWO (2) WRENCHES WHEN MAKING PIPING CONNECTIONS TO THE BURNER.
- DO NOT APPLY PIPE DOPE TO FLARE NUT FITTINGS OF THE FLEXIBLE GAS CONNECTOR.



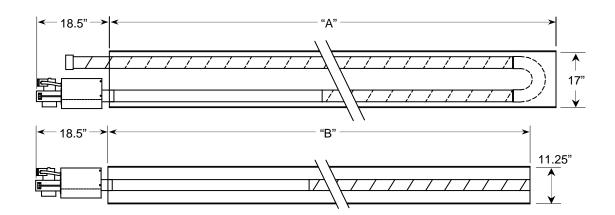
GAS INLET PRESSURE GAS PRESSURE AT MANIFOLD Natural Gas: 6.0" W.C. Minimum 14.0"W.C. Maximum Natural Gas: 3.5" W.C. 11.0" W.C. Minimum 14.0" W.C. Maximum LP Gas: 10.0" W.C. LP Gas: 1/2" NPT Gas Connector Size ALTITUDE **ELECTRICAL RATING** Systems 0922R through 0918R (40k - 60k Btu/hr input) 0 - 4,500 Ft. (0 - 1370 m) No derating required. 115VAC, 60 Hz., 1.8 Amp **HONEYWELL GAS VALVE** PN 5285.06 (NG) & 5285.06LP (LP) Inlet Pressure Tap 1/8" NPT (3.2mm) ര O Manifold Pressure Adjustment 1/8" NPT (3.2mm) (Under Cap) Manifold Pressure Tap 3.5" W.C. 10.0" W.C. 0 Natural Gas **Propane Gas** 3

NOTE: Gas pressures must be measured with a water or red oil manometer - NOT A DIAL GAUGE. All measurements must be made when this heater and all other gas burning equipment connected to the gas supply system are operating at maximum capacity. It should be assured by test that the gas pressure at the burner inlet is not greater than the figures given above. Maximum inlet pressure is 1/2 lb. or 14.0" W.C.

The installer must provide a 1/8" N.P.T. (**3.2mm**) plugged tapping, accessible for test gauge connection, immediately upstream of the gas supply

3.5" SERENGETI-IR

PART NUMBER	BTU/Hr INPUT	A ("U" TUBE SYSTEM)	B (STRAIGHT TUBE SYSTEM)	SQ. FT. RADIANT SURFACE AREA
0922R.NG/LP	40,000	5'-0"/10'-0"	10'-0"/19'-8"	9.2 / 18.3
0921R.NG/LP	45,000	5'-0"/10'-0"	10'-0"/19'-8"	9.2 / 18.3
0920R.NG/LP	50,000	10'-0" / 14'-8"	19'-8" / 29'-10"	18.3 / 27.5
0919R.NG/LP	55,000	10'-0" / 14'-8"	19'-8" / 29'-10"	18.3 / 27.5
0918R.NG/LP	60,000	10'-0" / 14'-8"	19'-8" / 29'-10"	18.3 / 27.5



WARNING



Placement of explosive objects, flammable objects, liquids and vapors close to the heater may result in fire, explosion, death and serious injury or property damage. Do not store or use explosive objects, liquids and vapor in the vicinity the heater.

In all situations the clearance to combustibles must be maintained. Failure to observe clearances to combustibles will result in death, serious injury, or property damage. In storage areas where stacking of materials may occur, the installer must provide signs, which specify the maximum stacking height so as to maintain the required clearance to combustibles. Minimum clearances must be maintained from vehicles parked, below the heater. Ensure that

Minimum clearances to combustibles must be maintained for wall, floor, ceiling temperatures. The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (32°C) above room temperature. Building materials with a low heat tolerance (such as plastics, vinyl siding, canvas, tri-ply, etc.) may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures. It is the installer's responsibility to assure that adjacent materials are protected from degradation.

Clearances must also be maintained from vehicles parked below as well as storage racks, partitions, hoists, building construction, etc

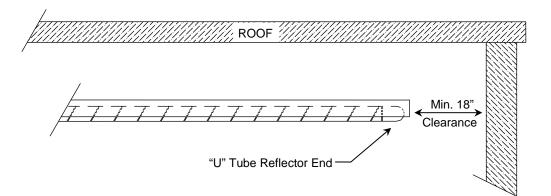
In storage areas where stacking of materials may occur, the installer must provide signs that specify the maximum adequate clearance is maintained where vehicles are in operation or being serviced. Consideration must be given when running the radiant tube next to wood, paper, storage racks, hoists, building construction, etc. For building personnel safety, the system shall not be mounted lower than 8' from the floor unless fitted with protective screens. The following illustrations and information give minimum acceptable clearance to combustibles.

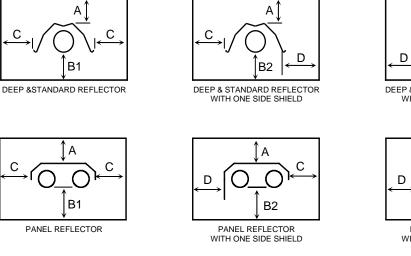
stacking height so as to maintain the required clearance to combustibles. A temporary sign can be found at the end of this manual. Contact your sales representative or Combustion Research Corporation for this self adhesive label – P/N 5566.006.

FOR YOUR SAFTEY

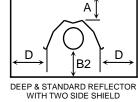
DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this heater or any other appliance.

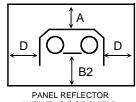
"U" BEND OR ELBOW END CLEARANCE





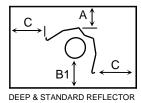
HORIZONTAL MOUNTING

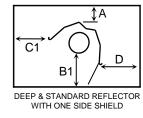


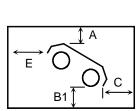


WITH TWO SIDE SHIELD

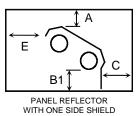
30 DEGREE ANGLE MOUNTING



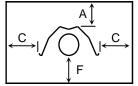




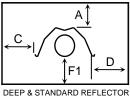
PANEL REFLECTOR



20 FEET DOWN STREAM FROM BURNER



DEEP & STANDARD REFLECTOR



WITH ONE SIDE SHIELD

PART NO.	BTU/HR	Α	B1	B2	С	C1	D	D1	Е	F	F1
0920R – 0922R NG/LP	40k to 50k	5"	44"	50"	12"	30"	12"	8"	30"	24"	30"
0919R – 0915R NG/LP	55k to 75k	5"	50"	57"	24"	36"	12"	8"	30"	24"	30"

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

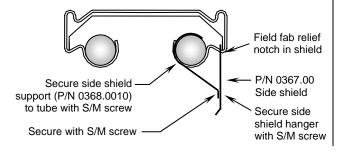
The P/N 0367.00 side shield to be used on P/N 0812.00 panel reflectors and P/N 0366.00 side shield is for use on the P/N 0363.00 Reflector. This side shield may be installed on either side of the reflector. Refer to the layout plan and clearance to combustible chart on the preceding page for proper location.

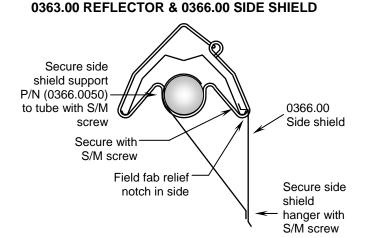
Install one ten-foot side shield in conjunction with each ten foot section of reflector so that overlap joints align.

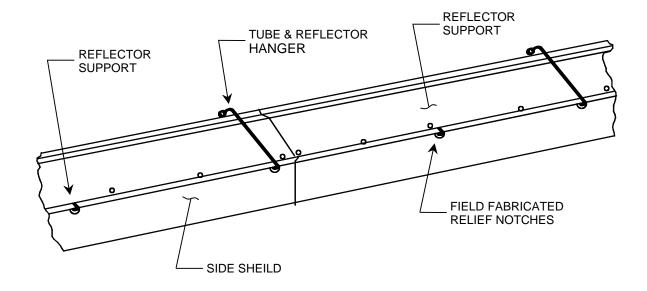
Cut a suitable relief notch for every reflector hanger and support.

The side shield is to be fastened to the reflector with #8 self drilling and tapping screws, one near each end and approximately one every two feet. The side shield expansion joint must match the reflector expansion joint. **DO NOT SCREW THE EXPANSION JOINTS TOGETHER.**

0812.00 REFLECTOR & 0367.00 SIDE SHIELD







COMBUSTION AIR SUPPLY

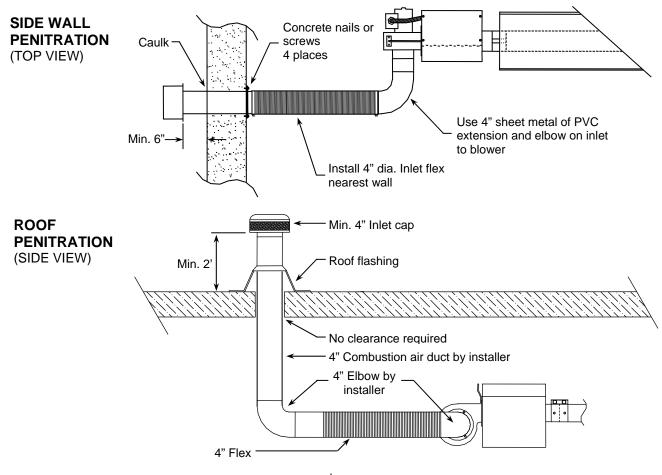
NOTICE

Air that is not contaminated must be ducted to the heater if chlorinated or fluorinated contaminants, high humidity, other contaminants, or if negative pressure is present in the area where the heater is installed.

- 1. Combustion air is a factory preset opening.
- 2. It is recommended that outside combustion air be used. However, combustion air may be drawn from the

space that is being heated, PROVIDED the building does not have a negative pressure and the atmosphere is not contaminated with acid fumes, fluorocarbons, corrosive substances, dirt, oil, etc., which would have an adverse effect on the blower and radiant tubing. DO NOT draw combustion air be drawn from an attic space.

 If outside air combustion air is not used and the room in which the heater is used is of a tight construction, provisions must be made for supplying combustion air. One square inch of free area opening for each 5,000 Btu/hr input is required to replenish the air used by the heating system.



OUTSIDE AIR SUPPLY (RECOMMENDED)

- 1. The outside air intake assembly (PN 0314.00) consists of: 1 4 " O/D inlet hood, I 4 " OD 24 " long inlet flex and 2 clamps.
- 2. The assembly may be extended by adding up to 20' of the appropriately sized ducting. A maximum of two elbows may be used. Insulating the ducting will stop condensation from forming on its exterior.
- 3. Air intake may be made through the roof using "mushroom" type vent cap.
- 4. Maintain a minimum of six (6') between the exhaust port and the fresh air inlet port.

- 5. Maintain a minimum of six inches (6") the inlet hood and the exterior wall.
- 6. DO NOT DRAW COMBUSTION AIR FROM ATTIC OR SIMILAR SPACE. DO NOT USE PLASTIC TYPE "DRYER" FLEX FOR THE COMBUSTION AIR INLET FLEX.
- 7. The air intake terminal must be located not less than one foot (1') above grade.

NOTE - Do not install inlet flex as an elbow into the blower on burners with inputs of 155,000 Btu/hr and higher system pulsation can occur.

OUTSIDE AIR SUPPLY

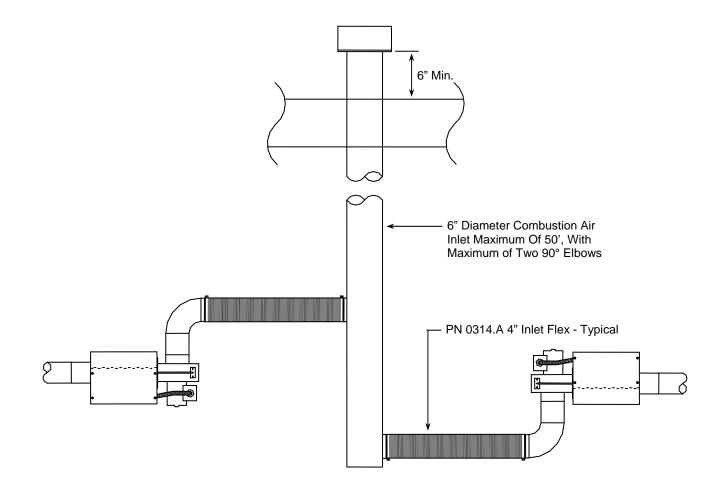
When two SERENGETI-IRTM systems are controlled by one thermostat a common combustion air supply can be used.

- This duct must be a minimum of six-inch (6") diameter and should not exceed fifty feet (50') in length.
- A Maximum of two (2) 90° elbows may be used.
- Maintain a minimum of six feet (6') between the exhaust port and the fresh air intake.

- Maintain a minimum of six inches (6") between the inlet hood and the exterior wall.
- Install 4" diameter flex nearest inlet trunk.
- Do not install inlet flex as an elbow into the blower on burners with inputs of 155,000 Btu/hr and higher system pulsation can occur.

Air intake may be made through the roof using "mushroom" type vent cap.

Refer to the drawing below for a typical installation layout.



GENERAL NOTES



IMPROPER INSTALLATION CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Improper venting and insufficient ventilation may result in health problems, carbon monoxide poisoning and death. Vent enclosed spaces and buildings according to national, state, provincial and local codes.

Heater vent must be installed in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) (NFPA No. 54). Partial information pertaining to this specification is provided in this section with regard to size and configuration for various venting arrangements. Consult the ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) and any applicable local codes for complete information.

- 1. Make sure that the venting method selected is in compliance with any local codes.
- 2. Heater exhaust end will receive a 4 inch diameter (single wall galvanized, aluminized or stainless steel) flue pipe.
- 3. Heater may be vented to the outdoors vertically or horizontally. The vent piping shall be adequately supported to prevent sagging.
- 4. Where the vent pipe passes through areas where the ambient temperature is likely to induce condensation of the flue gases the vent pipe shall be insulated.
- 5. If the heater is to be vented horizontally:

a. Vent must terminate at least 3 feet (0.9m) above any Forced air inlet located within 10 feet (3.1m).

b. Vent shall terminate at least 4 feet (1.2m) below, 4 feet (1.2m) horizontally from, 1 foot (30cm) above any door, window or gravity air inlet into any building.

c. The bottom of the vent terminal shall be located at least 12" inches (30cm) above grade.

- 6. Vent opening must be beyond any combustible overhang.
- Any portion of the flue pipe that passes through combustible material of the building must have a minimum 1" clearance and be dual insulated or use an approved thimble (refer to ANSI Z223.1 current standard)

WALL THIMBLES

Combustion Research Corp. PN 1810.WT.400 Hart & Cooley Metalvent PN 4RWT

- 8. Maximum flue length may be twenty feet (20') for all models NG or LP.
- 9. If condensation within the flue becomes a problem, the flue should be shortened or insulated.

VENTING EQUIPMENT

VERTICAL VENTING

- 1. A four inch O.D. flue pipe is recommended. Maximum flue length may be twenty feet (20'). Do not use more than two (2) 90° elbows. Insulate as required to prevent condensation.
- 2. Use "B" vent for any roof penetration. Any vent pipe that passes through an attic or enclosed space must also be "B" vent.
- A minimum 1" clearance around vent is required to pass through combustible materials (check local codes).
- All Joints in the flue should be sealed. Use General Electric RTV 106 or Permatex Form-A-Gasket Red High Temperature Silicone Adhesive Sealant or equivalent.
- Use Combustion Research Corp. P/N 1810.VT.400 (Metalbestos 4RV-RT) or P/N 1811.VT.400 (Simpson Dura Vent 4GVVTH) vent caps

HORIZONTAL VENTING

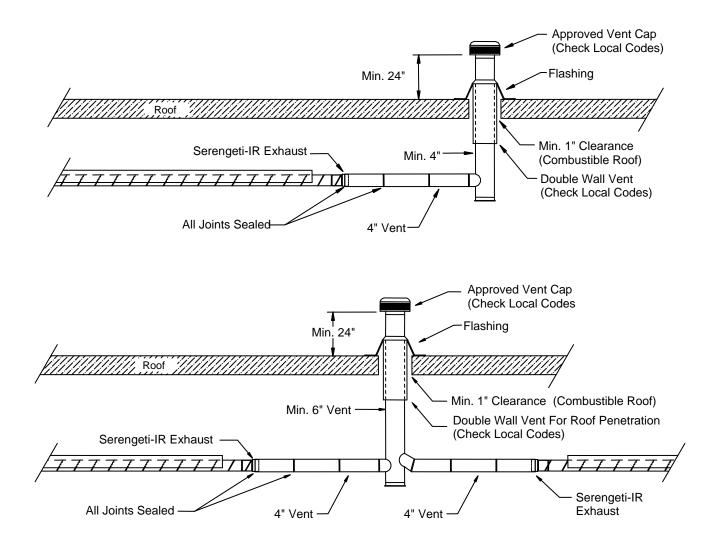
- For single burner horizontal venting use: Combustion Research Corporation P/N 1811.VT.400 (Simpson Dura Vent 4GVVTH).
- A 4 inch O.D. flue pipe (single wall galvanized, aluminized or stainless steel) is recommended. Maximum flue length may be twenty feet (20'). Do not use more than two (2) 90° elbows. Insulate as required to prevent condensation.
- 3. Use "B" vent for any combustible wall penetration.
- For multiple unit venting use: Combustion Research Corporation PN 1811.VT.600 (Simpson Dura Vent 6GVVTH) for side wall or roof penetrations.

A 6 inch O.D. flue pipe (single wall galvanized, aluminized or stainless steel) is recommended. Maximum flue length may be twenty feet (20'). Do not use more than two (2) 90° elbows. Insulate as required to prevent condensation.

 Any portion of the flue pipe that passes through combustible material of the building must use "B" vent and have a minimum 1" clearance and use an approved thimble (refer to ANSI Z223.1 current standard).

NOTE: Use ONLY the PN 1811.VT.400 or 1811.VT.600 for horizontal side wall applications. The vent cap shall extend at least 18" from the wall.

- 6. All Joints in the flue should be sealed. Use General Electric RTV 106 or Permatex Form-A-Gasket Red High Temperature Silicone Adhesive Sealant or equivalent.
- 7. Make sure that horizontal vents will not be obstructed by snow build up. It is recommended that a minimum two-foot clearance be maintained around the vent.
- 8. Because exhaust gases may cause degradation of building materials, the horizontal vent cap must be installed a distance from the exterior wall surface of at least 6 inches See page 21.
- 9. The vent piping shall rise not less than 1/4" per foot from the start of the vent system to the vent terminal.



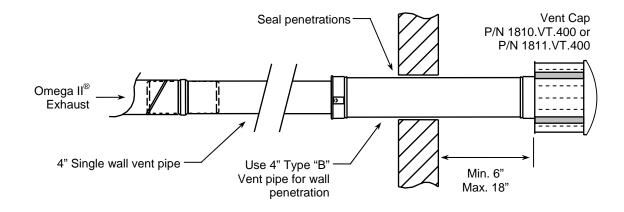
COMMON VENTING

- The total stack length from the SERENGETI-IR[™] exhaust to the point where it terminates should be a minimum of three feet (3') and a maximum of twenty feet (20'). It is recommended that any portion of flue pipe that passes through the roof be a double wall vent - 'B' vent is recommended (check local codes).
- Horizontal runs to vertical vent should never exceed 75% of the vertical height of the vent stack. Open area of common exhaust must equal the sum of the open area of individual flue vents connected to it. Refer to the ANSI Z223.1 (current standard) (same as bulletin NFPA-54) for listing of various vent sizing for power vented appliances. The minimum vent height and diameter must comply with the above standard.
- When exhausting more than one SERENGETI-IR[™] heater into a common stack the same thermostat should control all heaters.

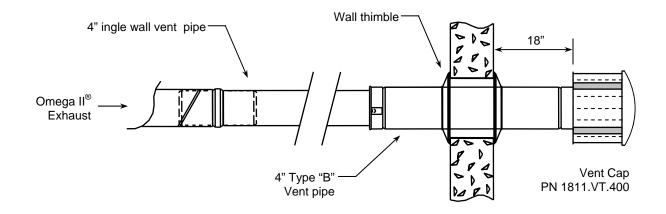
- 4. Connections to a common stack must be staggered so as to avoid direct opposition between streams of combustion gasses.
- 5. A 1" minimum clearance must be maintained around vent when passing through a combustible roof.
- 6. An approved Vent Cap should be used on all through the roof applications. The National Fire Protection Standards, NFPA Numbers 54 and 211, require that unless an approved Vent Cap is used the vent must extend at least two feet above the highest portion of a building within ten feet.

All Joints in the flue should be sealed. Use General Electric RTV 106 or Permatex Form-A-Gasket Red High Temperature Silicone Adhesive Sealant.

HORIZONTAL VENTING - NONCOMBUSTIBLE WALLS

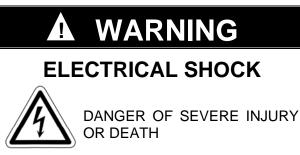


HORIZONTAL VENTING - COMBUSTIBLE WALLS



GENERAL

The requirements and practices described below are based on the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70 (current standard) and the Canadian Electric Code. Although the requirements are uniform throughout the country, local electrical codes may deviate from the National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electric Code, therefore, local inspection authorities should be consulted regarding local requirements.



Field wiring to the heater and vacuum exhauster must be connected and grounded in accordance with national, state, provincial, local codes and to the guidelines outlined in this manual. In the United States refer to the most current revisions to the ANSI/NFPA 70 Standard and in Canada refer to the most current revisions to the CSA C22.1 Part I Standard.

BURNER ASSEMBLY

Safety control circuits must be a two wire circuit with a separate earth ground, and have a nominal voltage not exceeding 125 volts. A safety control or protection device must be connected so as to interrupt the ungrounded conductor. Install a service disconnect within 3' of the **SERENGETI-IR** TM **Burner Assembly**.

The **SERENGETI-IR[™] Burner Assembly** shall be connected to a power supply branch circuit fused at not more than the value appropriate for the rating of any control or device included in the circuit.

The SERENGETI-IR[™] Burner Assembly electrical requirements are 1.8 FLA amps at 115V, 60 Hz. It is recommended that the thermostat be installed on the hot (L1) side with a sufficiently fused electrical supply line. DO NOT RUN THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY LINES DIRECTLY ABOVE THE REFLECTOR OR BELOW THE REFLECTOR - CLEARANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

NOTE: If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 90°C.

Field wiring having a minimum rating of at least 90°C shall be used and supply circuit wiring shall have a minimum size of 14AWG.

Large enough wire must be used in connecting to the SERENGETI-IR[™] Burner Assembly. This is necessary for two reasons: 1) carrying capacity and 2) voltage drop. The wire size necessary to provide carrying capacity without over heating is determined by electrical codes which specify a minimum wire size for the amperage used. Most electrical supply problems are caused by voltage drop due to long runs, or low voltage supplied by the utility.

The correct size wire should be carefully selected before the installation is made. The first step is to establish what voltage will be supplied by the utility. This will vary across the country and should be verified by the utility and by actual measurement of the supply voltage prior to installation. The following chart shows maximum wire lengths which will keep the voltage drop to a minimum of 10% at various currents at 115V. Only copper wiring should be used.

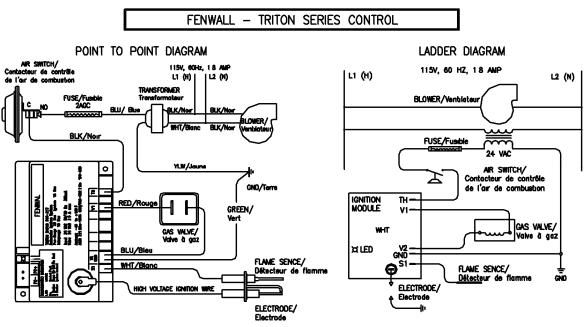
WIRE LENGTH FOR 10% VOLTAGE DROP IN FEET - 115V 60HZ

	COPPER WIRE SIZE								
AMPERES	No.14	No.12	No.10	No. 8					
15	150	225	350	600					
20	110	175	275	450					
25	90	140	225	350					
30	75	125	150	300					
35	-	100	135	250					
40	-	85	125	225					
45	-	-	110	200					
50	-	-	-	175					

When supplying single phase from a three phase system, use a suitably sized machine tool transformer to transform 460V or 230V three phase to 115V single phase. Under no circumstances use 277V single phase input.

WARNING: Do not use 277 volt.

INTERNAL WIRING DIAGRAMS



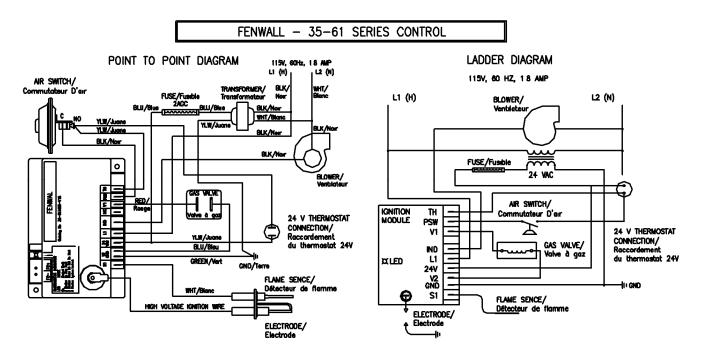
STANDARD WIRING

!! WARNING !!

DO NOT attempt to rewire internal burner wiring. The 24-volt transformer shown above is not to be used for any thermostat operation.

OPTIONAL CONTROL WRIRING

FENWAL Control equipped with blower relay and 24 volt thermostat connection



LINE VOLTAGE THERMOSTAT WIRING 115V, 60Hz L1 (H) L2 (N) GREEN WHITE BLACK Т LINE VOLTAGE THERMOSTAT Serengeti-IR Burner(s) Maximum of 8 with Thermostat P/N 5487.00 Maximum of 5 with L1 (H) L2 (N) Thermostat P/N 5484.00 LOW VOLTAGE WIRING 115V – 60Hz L1 (H) L2 (N) G BLACK R C BLACK WHITE C ጡ Т W G D D 0 LOW VOLTAGE THERMOSTAT (PN 5483.00) 0 Ο× (TOP VIEW) (BOTTOM VIEW) WHITE RED SPDT TRANSFORMER RELAY (PN 5541.03) Omega II[®] Burner(s) н н (Maximum of 6 per G Thermostat)

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GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

Follow all local electrical and safety codes, as well as the National Electrical code (NEC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).

- SERENGETI-IR[™] BURNER ASSEMBLY must be securely and adequately grounded. This can be accomplished by wiring with a grounded, metal-clad raceway system, by using a separate ground wire connected to the bare metal of the blower frame, or other suitable means.
- Always disconnect power source before working on or near a motor to its connected load. If the power disconnect point is out of sight, lock it in the open position and tag to prevent unexpected application of power.
- Be careful when touching the exterior of an operating motor -- it may be hot enough to be painful or cause injury. With modern motors, this condition is normal when operating at rated load and voltages -- modern motors are built to operate at higher temperatures.
- 4. Protect the power cable from coming in contact with sharp objects.
- 5. Do not kink the power cable and never allow the cable to come in contact with oil, grease, hot surfaces, or chemicals.
- 6. Make certain that the power source conforms to the requirements of your equipment.
- When cleaning electrical or electronic equipment, always use an approved cleaning agent such as dry cleaning solvent.
- 8. This is not an explosion proof blower. Do not use where explosive fumes or gases are present.

OPERATION

Before connecting the system to the electric supply, check the electrical characteristics as indicated on the Rating/ Nameplate to insure proper voltage.

With the air system in full operation and all ducts attached, measure current input to the motor and compare with the nameplate rating to determine if the motor is operating at safe load conditions and not overloaded.

RADIANT TUBING CHECK

- 1. Inspect entire network of radiant tubing to insure that all fittings are securely screwed together.
- 2. Inspect entire network of radiant tubing to insure that system is straight and assembled in a good workmanship manner.

PRECONDITIONS TO BE CHECKED BEFORE BURNER SYSTEM STARTUP

1. System has been installed to Combustion Research Corporation recommendations in Installation Manual and nameplate data.

- 2. the system must be installed with adequate clearance to combustibles as outlined in this manual. In storage areas where stacking of materials may occur, the installer must provide signs which specify the maximum stacking height so as to maintain the required clearance to combustibles.
- Electrical input to building. It must provide a minimum service requirement for each heating zone as follows: 15 amp service, 115V AC/60 Hz (1-ph.). Check total system amperage requirements for proper service requirements
- NATURAL GAS SERVICE

 Meter and pipe work to be adequate size for total building requirements

b. 1030 Btu/ft³ at minimum of six inches (6") or seven inches (7"), as outlined in the technical data section of this manual, W.C. at input side of burner regulator during full operational load. (Manifold pressure is 3.5" W.C.).

5. Propane Service

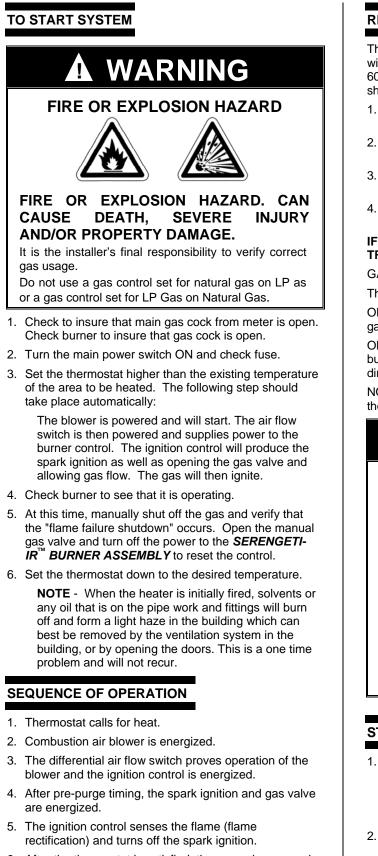
a. Storage tanks should be large enough to vaporize required maximum load of the installed heating equipment.

b. Vaporizer system and high pressure regulators system installed as required and set at 13.5 W.C. outlet.

c. 2500 Btu/ft³ at minimum of 11.0" at input side of regulator on burner during operation. (Manifold pressure is 10.0" W.C.)

- 6. All gas valves in meter house and service cocks open. All feed lines have been purged of air.
- 7. When high pressure gas supplies are used, make sure the proper regulators, manual valves and flexes have been installed properly.

Combustion air and exhaust connections have been installed and are secure.



- After the thermostat is satisfied, the power is removed from the burner assembly causing the ignition control and gas valve to turn off and the blower shuts down.
- 7. System waits for the next call for heat.

RESETTING THE IGNITION CONTROL

The SERENGETI-IRTM BURNER ASSEMBLY is equipped with an automatic lockout control which is activated after 60 seconds if a burner should fail to ignite. If your burner should lock out, it should be reset by the following method:

- 1. Turn off the disconnect switch located near the burner or turn down the thermostat to stop the entire system.
- 2. Wait 5 minutes for the ignition timer switch to cool and automatically reset.
- 3. Turn the power back on and/or turn the thermostat back up.
- 4. The system will now automatically recycle on the thermostat to maintain desired room temperature.

IF THE BURNER WILL NOT LIGHT AFTER TWO RESET TRIALS, CONTACT YOUR INSTALLER FOR SERVICE.

GAS CONTROL KNOB SETTING:

The gas control knob has two settings.

ON (knob turned \checkmark counter clockwise) permits main burner gas flow. Under control of the thermostat and direct ignition module, gas can flow to the main burner.

NOTE: Controls are shipped with the gas control knob in the ON position.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD. CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

 Do not force the gas control knob. Use only your hand to turn the gas control knob. Never use tools.
 If the gas control knob will not operate by hand, a qualified service technician should replace the gas control.

STOPPING THE SYSTEM FOR SERVICE

- For servicing an individual SERENGETI-IR[™] BURNER ASSEMBLY, turn off the disconnect switch which should be mounted within two feet (2') of the unit. Close the gas supply to the burner at the individual burner gas cock.
- 2. To service the thermostat, turn off the electrical power at the main power disconnect box.
- 3. Before servicing any gas component, shut off the gas supply at the meter by closing the main gas valve.

CHECK SAFETY SHUTDOWN PERFORMANCE

NOTE: Read steps 1-7 below before starting safety shutdown or safety lockout tests for the direct ignition (DI) module.

- 1. Turn gas supply off.
- 2. Set the thermostat or controller above room temperature to call for heat.
- 3. Watch for ignition spark immediately or following prepurge. See ignition module specifications.
- 4. Time length of ignition operation. See DI module specifications.
- 5. After the module locks out, open gas control and ensure there is no gas flow to main burner.
- 6. Set the thermostat below room temperature and wait one minute.
- 7. Operate system through one complete cycle to ensure all controls operate properly.

ELECTRICAL SHOCK



DANGER OF SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH

ALWAYS DISCONNECT POWER SUPPLY BEFORE SERVICING THE BLOWER OR WORKING WITH THE UNIT FOR ANY REASON. THIS IS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT WITH UNITS EQUIPPED WITH AUTOMATIC THERMAL RESET PROTECTION. <u>UNIT MAY ACTIVATE WITHOUT</u> WARNING!

GENERAL AND YEARLY MAINTENANCE

At regular intervals or at least once a year the entire system should be inspected.

SERENGETI-IR[™] BURNER ASSEMBLY:

The gas connecting flex should be inspected for any cracks or breaks. Use a soap solution on the gas flex and gas piping to verify any leaks. DO NOT USE OPEN FLAME FOR LEAK TEST.

Check combustion air inlets and connecting duct work for obstructions and breakage; repair as needed.

Inspect hanging hardware, such as chains, for wear. If any wear is present, the system must not be operated until the chain(s) or associated hardware has been replaced.

Look for any deterioration in the housing assembly. Replace or repair.

Radiant Tubing:



The radiant tubing should be inspected at the beginning of every heating season. Look for cracks, holes, physical damage, etc. Replace as needed.

NOTE:

Use only approved **SERENGETI-IR**[™] tube which is specifically manufactured for the **SERENGETI-IR**[™] system. Use of substitute materials can result in an unsafe condition and will void any and all warranties.

DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING SERENGETI-IR[™] BURNER ASSEMBLY:

IF THE BURNER DOES NOT OPERATE, A "SYSTEM CHECK" MUST BE MADE AS FOLLOWS:

SYSTEM CHECK



FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD. CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Perform the safety shutdown test any time work is done on a gas system.

- Check for proper installation of unit (refer to owner's manual). If power is not present, check power supply to input terminals with AC voltmeter and check fuse in burner box.
- 2. Remove tube fitting from air switch and insert new fitting with short rubber hose attached. Normally open air flow switch can be operated with mouth vacuum to check performance. If air flow switch does not close, replace air flow switch.
- Provided air flow switch is operating, listen for high voltage arc, an audible spark "ticking." (DO NOT TOUCH IGNITION OUTPUT LEADS OR IGNITION

ELECTRODES.) Check to see if high voltage leaks occur at porcelains and high voltage leads.

- If ignition arc is not present or sporadic, turn off power and check gap. It should be approximately .10 inch. (DO NOT TRY TO MEASURE HIGH VOLTAGE OUTPUT.) High voltage wire should not touch casing as grounding can occur when wires are wet.
- 5. If ignition wires and electrodes are set as above, and power is shown but no ignition arc is present, the ignition assembly is defective and the electronics should be replaced.
- 6. Remove gas jet, inspect for possible obstruction or incorrect orifice size.
- 7. Disconnect power and check terminals to be sure that there are no loose spade connections or broken wires.

ELECTRONIC PROVEN SPARK IGNITION CONTROL WITH 100% LOCKOUT

APPLICATION

The solid state ignition control will ignite the gas by spark. The gas is ignited and burns during each running cycle.

Should a loss of flame occur, the main valve closes and a retry for ignition will commence. This control has an internal 100% lockout function to completely shut down the system should the gas fail to ignite within 30 seconds. To initiate a re-ignition trial when lockout occurs, the power must be interrupted for 5 minutes.

The solid state ignition control must not be subjected to temperatures below -40°F (-40°C) or above 150°F (66°C).

CAUTION: When it is necessary to replace a main gas valve used with this control, the replacement valve must have the same valve closing time as that approved on the original equipment by the recognized testing agency.

GAS SUPPLY FAILURE ON START

- 1. Thermostat calls for heat.
- 2. Air flow is proven.
- 3. Valve and spark are energized after pre-purge.
- 4. After a 30 second trial for ignition, the system will lockout to completely disarm the system.
- 5. In order to initiate a re-ignition trial, the power must be interrupted for 5 minutes.

POWER INTERRUPTION ON START

- 1. No gas will flow during power interruption.
- 2. Normal sequence will resume when power is restored.

POWER INTERRUPTION DURING RUNNING CYCLE:

- 1. Valve is de-energized.
- 2. Valve and spark are energized when power is restored and normal sequence will resume.

TURNING OFF THE APPLIANCE

VACATION SHUTDOWN -- Set the thermostat to the desired room temperature while you are away.

COMPLETE SHUTDOWN -- Push the gas control knob in slightly and turn clockwise \frown to OFF. Do not force. Appliance will completely shut off. Follow the Lighting Procedures above to resume normal operation.

IF MAIN BURNER WILL NOT COME ON WITH CALL FOR HEAT:

- Ensure gas control knob is in the ON position (rotate counter clockwise
- 2. Adjust thermostat several degrees above room temperature.
- 3. Using AC voltmeter, measure voltage across MV terminals at gas control.
- 4. If no voltage is present, check control circuit for proper operation.
- 5. If proper control system voltage is present, replace gas control.

STOP: READ ALL WARNINGS

The flame is lit automatically. If the appliance does not turn on when the thermostat is set several degrees above room temperature, follow these instructions:

- 1. Set the thermostat to its lowest setting to reset the safety control.
- 2. Disconnect all electric power to the appliance.
- 3. Remove the control access panel.
- 4. Turn gas control knob clockwise to the OFF position, DO NOT FORCE.
- 5. Wait 5 minutes to clear out any unburned gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow Step 3 in the following Warning statement. If you do not smell gas, continue with the next step.
- 7. Replace the control access panel.
- 8. Reconnect all electric power to the appliance.
- 9. Set the thermostat to the desired setting.
- 10. If the appliance does not turn on, turn the gas control knob counter clock wise mumber to OFF and contact a qualified service technician for assistance.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

1. Flame is lit automatically. Do not light the flame manually.

2. Before lighting burner flame, smell around the appliance for gas. Be sure to smell next to floor because LP gas is heavier than air.

3. IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- Turn off the gas supply at the appliance service valve. On LP gas systems, turn off gas supply at the gas tank.
- Do not light any appliances in the house.
- Do not touch electrical switches or use the phone.
- Leave the building and use a neighbor's phone to call your gas supplier.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

4. Do not force the gas control knob. Use only your hand to push down or turn the gas control knob. Never use any tools. If the gas control knob will not operate by hand, a qualified service technician should replace the gas control. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

5. The gas control must be replaced in case of any physical damage, tampering, bent terminals, missing or broken parts, stripped threads, and evidence of exposure to heat.

MAINTENANCE

Regular preventive maintenance is important in applications that place a heavy load on system controls, such as in the commercial cooking and agricultural and industrial industries because:

- 1. In applications where the equipment operates 100,000-200,000 cycles per year. Such heavy cycling can wear out the gas control in one to two years.
- 2. Exposure to water, dirt, chemicals and heat can damage the gas control and shut down the control system.

NOTICE

Do not apply a jumper across or short the valve coil terminals. Doing so may damage the ignition module.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE DEATH, SEVERE INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Do not disassemble the gas control. The gas control contains no replaceable components. Attempted disassembly or repair may damage the gas control.

The maintenance program should include regular checkout of the gas control. Maintenance frequency must be determined individually for each application. Some considerations are:

1. *Cycling frequency.* Appliances that may cycle 100,000 times annually should be checked monthly.

2. *Intermittent use.* Appliances that are used seasonally should be checked before shutdown and again before the next use.

3. **Consequence of unexpected shutdown**. Where the cost of an unexpected shutdown would be high, the system should be checked more often.

4. *Dusty, wet or corrosive environment.* Since these environments can cause the gas control to deteriorate more rapidly, the system should be checked more often.

The gas control should be replaced if:

- 1. It does not perform properly on checkout or troubleshooting.
- 2. The gas control knob is hard to turn or push down, or it fails to pop back up when released.
- 3. The gas control is likely to have operated for more than 200,000 cycles.

CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

Before leaving installation, several complete operating cycles should be observed to see that all components are functioning properly.

- 1. Before turning on the main electrical power switch, be sure all gas supply lines are purged of air.
- Close main manual shutoff valve and wait for 5 minutes, then turn "A" valve to counter clockwise to "ON" position.
 CAUTION: Check for positive gas seal using soap solution on valve inlet and all upstream pipe connections.
- 3. Turn on main electrical power switch and close thermostat contacts.
- 4. After the control is powered it will automatically energize the spark and the gas valve.

- 5. The sensing probe detects the presence of the low fire flame and the control de-energizes the spark and the valve will remain open. Check valve outlet and other downstream pipe connections with a soap solution.
- 6. Turn the thermostat to a low dial setting to open contacts. The main gas flame should be extinguished.
- 7. For 100% shutoff check, set thermostat to low dial setting (system off). Disconnect sensing probe lead at control terminal.
- 8. Turn thermostat to a high dial setting to energize spark ignition and valve. The gas should ignite. After 30 seconds, the system should "lockout" and burner functions are off (no gas flow, no spark). If the system does not go into "lockout," follow the installation instructions to replace the control. Repeat the 100% shutoff check. Note blower will not shut down when ignition "lockout" occurs.
- 9. Set thermostat again to a low dial setting (system off), connect probe lead to control terminal. Set thermostat to normal setting to put system back in service.



Perform the safety shutdown test anytime work is done on a gas system.

NOTE: Read steps 1-7 below before starting safety shutdown or safety lockout tests for the ignition module.

- 1. Turn gas supply off.
- 2. Set the thermostat or controller above room temperature to call for heat.
- 3. Watch for ignition spark immediately or following prepurge. See ignition module specifications.
- 4. Time length of ignition operation. See ignition module specifications.
- 5. After the module locks out, open gas control and ensure there is no gas flow to main burner.
- 6. Set the thermostat below room temperature and wait one minute.
- 7. Operate system through one complete cycle to ensure all controls operate properly.

IGNITION CHECKOUT PROCEDURES

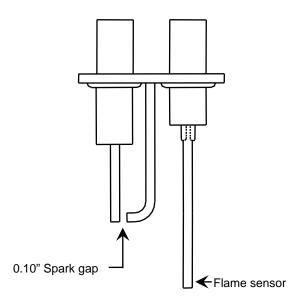
A combination voltmeter and micro-ammeter with a DC micro-ammeter range setting of 0 to 10 micro-ampere is required. Follow meter instructions for proper use. TO CHECK AC VOLTAGES:

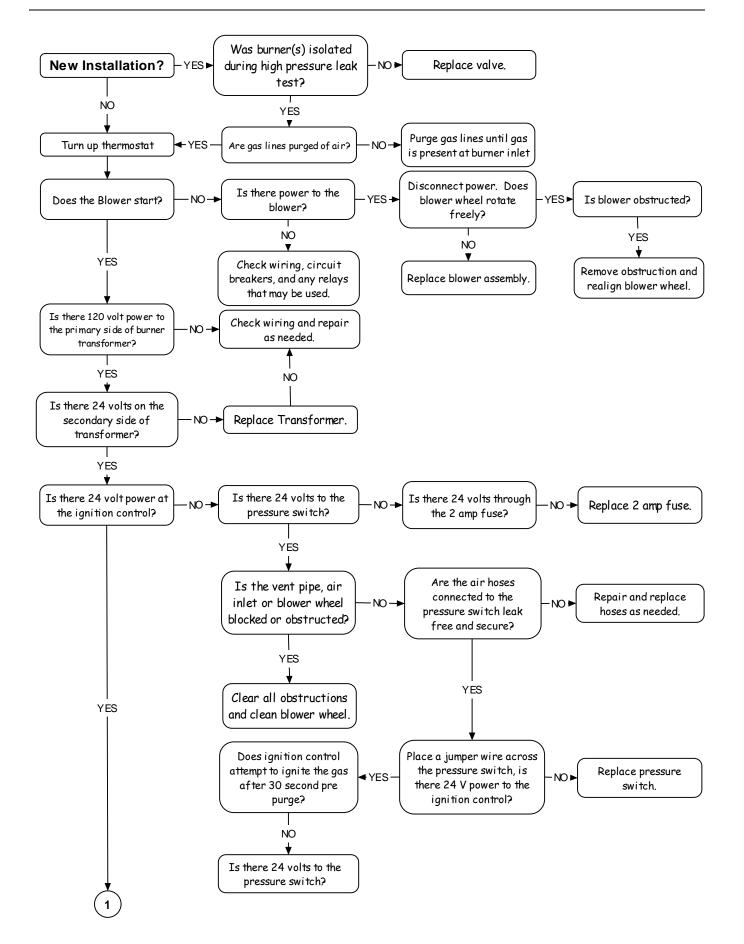
- 1. Set range selection switch to 150V AC before connecting leads.
- 2. Connect wire leads in parallel with voltage to be measured.
- 3. Read voltage on AC scale.

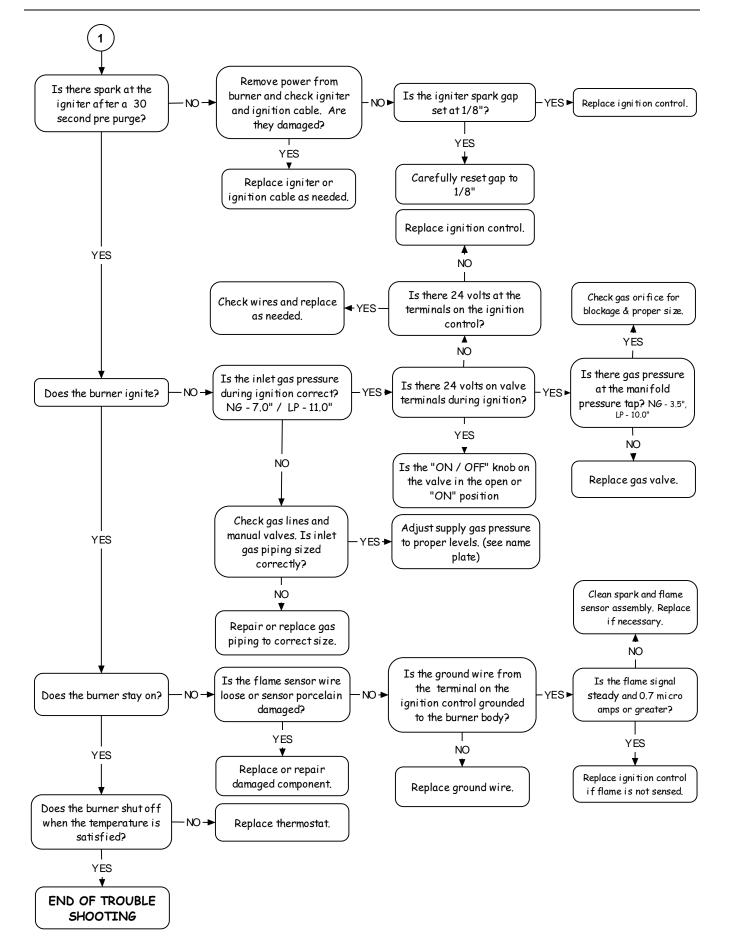
TO CHECK CURRENT FROM FLAME SENSING PROBE:

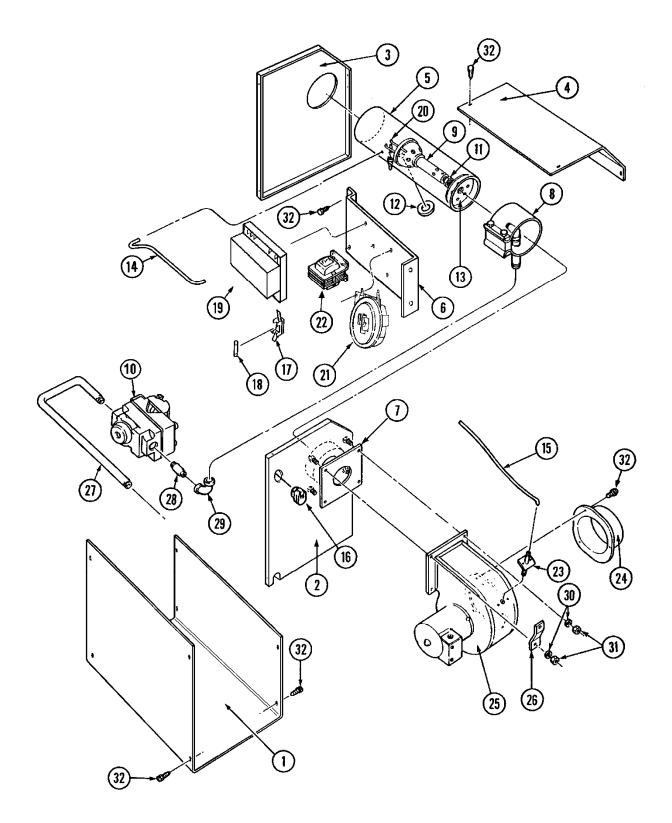
- 1. Set range selector switch to 10 micro-amperes before connecting leads.
- 2. Turn off power supply to ignition control.
- 3. Disconnect sensing probe cable from sensor terminal or ignition control.
- 4. Connect red (positive) meter lead to sensor terminal.
- 5. Connect black (negative) meter lead to probe cable.
- 6. Turn on electrical supply to system and cycle system through the thermostat.
- 7. After system has ignited, the meter should read 0.7 micro-amperes or higher. If less than 0.7 micro-amperes, the control may need to be replaced. Check all wiring connections before replacing control.
- 8. Turn off supply voltage.
- 9. Disconnect meter from sensor terminal and probe cable.
- 10. Reconnect probe cable to sensor terminal.
- 11. Turn on supply voltage.

IGNITOR / FLAME SENSOR ASSEMBLY









Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.
1	910.06A	Bottom Cover	1
2	910.04AW	Back Plate	1
3	910.03	Front Plate	1
4	910.05	Top Cover	1
5	910.18	Burner Tube	1
6	910.16.D	Control Mounting Bracket	1
-7	910.11	Orifice Plate (Used on 0918 & 0919)	1
-7	910.12	Orifice Plate (Used on 0920 & 0922)	
8	910.40	Drawband Coupler / Gas Manifold	1
9	925.01	Mixing Nozzle	1
10	5285.XX	Gas Valve - Specify Manufacture & Manufacture Model No.	1
11	5190.NG <i>.XXX</i>	Gas Orifice - Specify Input & Gas	1
	5190.LP.XXX		
12	1300.00	Inspection Window	1
13	910.07	Combustion Spinner	1
14	1477.NY	1/4" Poly Air Flow Tube	1
15	1477.NY	1/4" Poly Air Flow Tube	1
16	1242.10	Connector - 3/8" Liquid Tight Tubing, Fitting	2
-	1242.00	Liquid Tight Tubing - 3/8" x 7.25" Long	1
17	1601.12	Fuse Block (1/4" Fuse Style)	1
18	1641.28	Fuse - 2 Amp (2AGC)	1
19	5241.XX	Ignition Module - Specify Manufacture & Manufacture Model No.	1
20	5029.10	Electrode / Sensor Assembly	1
-21	5060.07A2	Differential Pressure Switch (Used on 0918 - 0922 Models)	1
22	5082.00	Transformer - 115 V Primary, 24VAC 40 VA Secondary	1
23	910.15	Air Flow Fitting	1
24	910.10	4" O.D. Combustion Air Inlet	1
25	FAN.02	Blower Assembly - Less Inlet Adapter	1
26	910.13	Hanging Bracket	1
27	925.03	Inlet Gas Manifold - "J" Pipe	1
28	1183.00	1/2" NPT , Close - Black Nipple	1
29	1202.03	1/2" NPT, 90° Black Elbow	1
30	1121.01	1/4" Lock Washer	4
31	1090.00	1/4" - 20 Nut	4
32	1142.08	#8 Sheet Metal Screw	19
-	5301.03	3 Prong Plug (Power Cord) – 3' Ling (Not Shown)	1

Part No.	Description	
0314.00	FRESH AIR INLET ASSEMBLY - Weather Proof Inlet 4" dia., 12" long with 24" long PVC coated Aluminum Flex with two hose clamps, 4" diameter. WT. 2.0 lbs.	00000
1811.VT.400	ROOF OR WALL VENT - 4" diameter - High Wind mushroom style round vent. For "B" vent. Wt. 0.5 lbs.	
0317.01	STAINLESS STEEL GAS FLEX - 1/2" fittings and manual gas valve 36" long (Included with each burner – United States Only). Wt. 7.0 lbs.	
5484.00	THERMOSTAT - Line voltage, 9.8 FLA , 50°F to 90°F Wt. 1.0 lbs.	SUNNE
5487.00	THERMOSTAT - Line voltage, Moisture proof 16 FLA, 40°F to 80°F Wt. 1.0 lbs.	
1800.CH.400	HANGING CHAIN - Double loop hanging chain, 100' - work load rating of 90 lbs. Wt. 6.5 lbs.	
1800.SH.000	"S" HOOKS - Box of 50 "S" hooks. WT. 2.0 lbs.	S

Part No.	Description
0306.AS	90° ELBOW - ALUMINIZED STEEL - 3.5" dia. aluminized steel, 90° elbow. Wt. 3.0 lbs.
0336.AS	45° ELBOW - ALUMINIZED - 3.5" dia. aluminized steel, 45° elbow. Wt. 1.5 lbs.
0304.AS.HT	RADIANT HEAT TUBE - ALUMINIZED/HEAT TREATED - 3.5" dia. aluminized steel heat treated radiant tube, 9'9" long. Wt. 11.25 lbs.
0363.00	DEEP DISH REFLECTOR - Aluminum, 10' long. Wt. 5.75 lbs
0364.00	DEEP DISH COMBINATION HANGER - Heat tube & deep dish reflector hanger for 3.5" tube, plated 1/4" dia. wire. Wt. 0.75 lb.
0365.00	DEEP DISH REFLECTOR SUPPORT - Intermediate support for deep dish reflector for 3.5" tube, plated 1/4" dia.wire. Wt. 0.75 lb.
0812.00	PANEL REFLECTOR - Aluminum, 10' long. Wt. 7.0 lbs.
0812.02	PANEL HANGER - Heat tube & reflector hanger for 3.5" tube, plated 1/4" dia. wire. Wt. 1.0 LB

Part No.	Description	
0367.00	SIDE SHIELD - Aluminum side shield. Used on all reflectors, 10' long. Wt. 3.0 lbs.	
0342.WH	REFLECTOR END CAP - Aluminum end cap. Used on 0360.00 reflector. Wt. 0.25 lbs.	
5221.00	HIGH PRESSURE REGULATOR - For Natural gas, 2 lbs. to 7.0" W.C., ½" NPT Wt. 1.5 lbs.	
5221.0015	HIGH PRESSURE REGULATOR - For Natural gas, 5 lbs. to 7.0" W.C., ½" NPT Wt. 4 lbs	

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Combustion Research Corporation ("CRC") offers the end-use buyers of it's products a specific and limited three-year standard Warranty covering the Serengeti-IR[™] product systems or components, the details of which are given below. This Warranty is offered only to the Buyer-For-End-Use ("Buyer") and becomes effective when the product is properly installed and maintained. Proper installation shall be assumed (for purposes of this warranty only) if installation is performed by a qualified installer in accordance with the owners manual as well as local, state and federal standards.

In addition, to the three-year warranty on all product components, Combustion Research Corporation also offers the Buyer an Extended Warranty on the radiant heater tubing (Infrared Emitter), which is installed as original equipment with a Combustion Research Corporation infrared radiant energy heating system. This Extended Warranty becomes effective (1) on the invoice date of the original equipment from CRC, and (2) the product is properly installed and maintained in accordance with the owners manual

This Warranty is subject to limitations and conditions which effect the Buyer's rights and which can lead to voidance of the warranty. The Buyer should read and understand these limitations.

DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES

(Please Read Carefully)

COMBUSTION RESEARCH CORPORATION ("CRC") DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND OR DESCRIPTION, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, CONDITION, QUALITY OR DURABILITY, WHICH MAY BE PROVIDED BY LAW AS RELATES TO ALL PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED, SOLD, ASSEMBLED AND/OR PROVIDED TO THE ULTIMATE USER, TRANSFEREE, CONTRACTOR, CONSUMER, BUYER AND/OR PERSON UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN AND/OR THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE. THIS DISCLAIMER MEANS NO IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY NATURE WHATSOEVER DEALING WITH THE ULTIMATE USE OF THE PRODUCT ASSEMBLED, MANUFACTURED AND/OR SOLD BY CRC SHALL BE GRANTED TO ANY PARTY WHO WITHOUT SAID DISCLAIMER WOULD BE ENTITLED TO BRING AN APPROPRIATE ACTION IN THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN AS THE LAW SO PROVIDES. THE EXPRESS WRITTEN WARRANTY OF CRC FOR EACH PARTICULAR TRANSACTION SHALL BE THE ONLY EXPRESS WARRANTIES SO PROVIDED AND SHALL BE THE ONLY WARRANTY PROVIDED BY CRC FOR ITS PRODUCTS. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE HEREOF.

DISCLAIMER OF DAMAGES

(Please Read Carefully)

IN NO EVENT SHALL CRC BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE OR DESCRIPTION WHETHER ARISING UNDER CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR ANY OTHER THEORY OF LIABILITY. SUCH DAMAGES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF USE OF THE PRODUCTS, DAMAGE TO PROPERTY, INCONVENIENCE AND CLAIMS OF THIRD PARTIES. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR ANY LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR ANY LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE. HOWEVER, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY LAW, MICHIGAN LAW CONTROLS ALL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS HEREUNDER.

LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS FOR STANDARD WARRANTY.

The express written Warranty is a representation by CRC that the products, including all components, purchased by the Buyer from CRC or an authorized CRC representative are free from defects in material and workmanship. This Warranty applies to defects which are discovered either upon receipt of the product, or up to three (3) years after receipt of the product or CRC's invoice date, whichever event last occurs. If any such defect is found and the Buyer has satisfied the warranty requirement, and the warranty is not voided under any of the following conditions, CRC will replace free-of-charge, the defective part or parts. However it is not CRC's obligation to find, remove, or transport the defective part or parts. Further, it is not CRC's obligation to install or to pay for installation of any replacement part or parts. Repair or replacement of defective part or parts will only be done after CRC has determined in its sole judgment that the warranty applies.

LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS FOR EXTENDED 10 YEAR WARRANTY

The Extended Warranty is a special offer made by Combustion Research Corporation (CRC) to Buyers-For-End-use of CRC products to give them an extra term of replacement part protection. The Extended Warranty covers the infrared emitter tubing. The infrared tubing is guaranteed by CRC against internally created rust through corrosion (which is caused by the condensation of products of combustion inside the emitter tube when the flue gas temperature is allowed to fall below the dew/condensation point) for 10 years from CRC's invoice date. If any defect is found during this period, and if the Buyer-For-End-Use has satisfied the Warranty and Extended Warranty requirements, and if the warranty is not voided under any of the following conditions, CRC's obligation is either repair the defective part or to furnish the Buyer-For-End-Use with a

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replacement part or parts. As with the Standard Warranty, it is not CRC's obligation to find, remove or transport the defective part or parts, or to pay for finding, removing, or transporting such part or parts, and it is not CRC's obligation to install or pay for installation of the replacement part or parts. Again, it is the Buyer's obligation to send the part or parts freight pre-paid to CRC.

LIMITATIONS ON STANDARD AND EXTENDED 10 YEAR WARRANTY

These Warranties are the only warranties offered by Combustion Research Corporation (CRC) and are in lieu of all other warranties either express or implied. CRC shall not be liable for any special, incidental or consequential damage, such as damage to a building or persons or things within a building due to any kind of radiant energy heating system failure. In addition, the Standard and Extended Warranties apply only to those products which are shipped to and installed in the United States.

ARBITRATION

In the event any Buyer, user, subsequent owner, transferee, installer, purchaser and/or ultimate customer experiences any problem, difficulty and/or has a complaint dealing with the use, installation and/or operation of the products sold, delivered and/or manufactured by CRC under the terms and provisions of any purchase order, contract, invoice or other document, then the differences between that person or entity and CRC shall be amicably resolved. In the event a resolution of the differences between the parties is unable to be accomplished, said matter shall be resolved through final and binding arbitration under the laws of the State of Michigan. The party complaining shall select, appoint and pay for an arbitrator. CRC shall select, appoint and pay for an arbitrator, and the two (2) arbitrators so selected shall agree upon and appoint a third impartial arbitrator. The dispute and/or matter of controversy shall be submitted to the arbitrators who by majority vote shall render a final and binding decision dealing with the controversy in existence between the parties. Said decision shall be enforceable in a Michigan Court maintaining jurisdiction over said matter under the requisite provisions of Michigan law. The costs of the impartial arbitrator shall be paid one-half (1/2) by the complaining party and one-half (1/2) by CRC.

MICHIGAN LAW TO GOVERN

This contract and/or document dealing with the purchase sale and/or installation of products sold and/or manufactured by CRC shall be governed by the laws of the State of Michigan, both as to its interpretation and performance. The place of this contract, it's situs and forum shall at all times be the State of Michigan. All matters relating to the validity, construction and enforcement of this contract shall be determined in the appropriate courts maintaining jurisdiction over all controversies in the State of Michigan.

VOIDING OF WARRANTIES

Each of the following listed events, conditions, acts or omissions by any person or entity may void the Warranty:

- 1. Improper installation; i.e., installation which is not in accordance with the instructions in the service and installation manual.
- 2. Running the burner(s) with intake combustion air drawn from an atmosphere which is contaminated with halogenated hydrocarbons, fluorocarbons, or other corrosive substances.
- 3. Relocation or reinstallation of the product or system.
- 4. Use of electrical power having voltages, frequencies or transients which exceed product or system ratings.
- 5. Physical abuse or neglect to the product system or components of the system; i.e., allowing the product system to operate with broken or damaged system components.
- 6. Damage to the product system or components of the product system by fire, flood, earthquake or act of God.
- 7. Removal of the serial number or nameplate.
- 8. Refusal to permit inspection and/or service of the product system or parts by an authorized CRC representative.
- 9. Repair or replacement of any product components or other heating components which have been repaired or replaced with other than factory parts.
- Designing or allowing the system to run with a "short cycle" or continuous condensing mode; i.e., using low voltage temperature controls without a minimum eight (8) minute run time which would allow the startup condensate to collect in the tubing system.

The determination and evaluation of any or all of the above conditions shall be according to the sole and exclusive discretion of CRC, and/or it's authorized representative. If, upon examination, either CRC or it's authorized representative determines that the defect or defects are caused by any of the above, the warranty obligation of CRC shall not be honored. No representative of CRC, other than an officer, has authority to change or extend these provisions or warranties. Changes or extensions shall be binding only if confirmed in writing by CRC's duly authorized executive officers. Product systems installed by CRC or it's authorized representatives shall be or presumed to be properly installed and to be free of any and all conditions which might void the warranty at the time of installation. All product components or systems repaired or replaced are warranted under the same terms and conditions as the original Warranty, but only for the remaining time under the original warranty. No action shall be brought for any breach of this warranty more than one (1) year after the cause of action for such breach arises. Nothing herein shall be construed to extend any warranty beyond the stated periods. CRC shall not be liable for any default or delay in performance by it in accordance with these warranties which delay or performance is caused by contingency beyond it's control including but not limited to war, government restriction or restraint, strikes, fire, floods, unavailability of raw material, and acts of God.

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In storage areas where stacking of materials may occur, the installer must provide signs that specify the maximum stacking height so as to maintain the required clearance to combustibles. The following is a temporary sign that can be used until a permanent label is obtained from your representative or Combustion Research Corporation - Request P/N 5566.006. Attach this label near the Reflect-O-Ray[®] heater or by the thermostat.



