SAFETY DATA SHEET

079331215

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: QUALITY CARE® Lemon Bathroom Cleaner
Product code	: 079331215
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: Distributed by:
	Specialty Aerosols 101 W. Prospect Ave.
	Cleveland, OHIO 44115
Emergency telephone	: (216) 566-2917
number of the company	
Product Information	: (800) 638-4852
Telephone Number	
Regulatory Information	: (216) 566-2902
Telephone Number	
•	

Section 2. Hazards identification

: (800) 424-9300

: 9/9/2017

Transportation Emergency

Telephone Number

Date of issue/Date of revision

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 4.9% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 6.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 3.1%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Date of previous issue

: 4/6/2017

1/14

Version : 5

Section 2. Hazards identification

General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Butane	3.36	106-97-8
2-Butoxyethanol	1.9	111-76-2
Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate	1.56	64-02-8
Propane	1.55	74-98-6
d-Limonene	0.13	5989-27-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Date of issue/Date of re	evision : 9/9/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version : 5	2/14
--------------------------	--------------------	------------------------	------------	-------------	------

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. : No specific treatment. **Specific treatments**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/9	9/2017 Date of previous iss	ue : 4/6/2017 Version	5 3/14
--------------------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------	--------

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version : 5	4/14
--------------------------------	------------	------------------------	------------	-------------	------

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	t on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons tory of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process s product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do no nperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do no es or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. A eathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respin ntilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flam her ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting an ndling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain sidue and can be hazardous.	es in which ot expose to not get in woid rator when ne or any d material
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ting, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this mate ndled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face befor nking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equip tering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygi easures.	ore eating, oment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	bre in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight d well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 d drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sou propriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Sectio compatible materials before handling or use.) and food urces. Use

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name			Exposure limit	ts	
Butane 2-Butoxyethanol			NIOSH REL (Un TWA: 800 ppn TWA: 1900 mg ACGIH TLV (Un STEL: 1000 pp ACGIH TLV (Un TWA: 20 ppm NIOSH REL (Un Absorbed thro TWA: 5 ppm 1 TWA: 24 mg/n	nited States, 10/2016). n 10 hours. g/m ³ 10 hours. nited States, 3/2016). om 15 minutes. nited States, 3/2016). 8 hours. nited States, 10/2016). ugh skin. 10 hours. n ³ 10 hours. nited States, 6/2016). ugh skin.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version :5	5/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate Propane	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours. None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
d-Limonene	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Butane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Propane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Date of issue/Date of revision	Date	of	issue	/Date	of	revision	
--------------------------------	------	----	-------	-------	----	----------	--

: 4/6/2017

Section 8. Exposi	ıre	controls/personal prote	ection			
Ingredient name			Exposure limits			
Butane 2-Butoxyethanol			NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin.			
Propane			TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.			
Appropriate engineering controls	:	or mist, use process enclosures, local e to keep worker exposure to airborne co	ser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls ntaminants below any recommended or statutory eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measured	ures					
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should not	to remove potentially contaminated clothing. be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety			
Eye/face protection	:	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.				
Skin protection						
Hand protection	:	worn at all times when handling chemic necessary. Considering the parameters during use that the gloves are still retain noted that the time to breakthrough for	complying with an approved standard should be al products if a risk assessment indicates this is s specified by the glove manufacturer, check ning their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different xtures, consisting of several substances, the accurately estimated.			
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.				
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	:	appropriate standard or certification. R	exposure, select a respirator that meets the espirators must be used according to a e proper fitting, training, and other important			

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version : 5	7/14

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	Not available.	
Odor	Not available.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	: 12	
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 10.6%	
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]	
Vapor density	: 1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 0.96	
Solubility	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	: Spray	
Heat of combustion	: 3.894 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

8/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Tetrasodium	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Ethylenediaminetetraacetate				
d-Limonene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	oduct/ingredient name Result S		Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
d-Limonene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 Percent	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol d-Limonene	-	3 3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butane		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Butoxyethanol		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017 Date of previous	issue : 4/6/2	017 🗸	ersion : 5 9/14

Section 11. Toxicologi	cal information		
d-Limonene	Category 3	Not applicable.	irritation and Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity (repe	ated exposure)		
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs

		exposure	
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
d-Limonene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Butane Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
d-Limonene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	cts	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Delayed and immediate ef	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/6/2017 Ver	r <mark>sion</mark> :5

10/14

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	21826.7 mg/kg
Dermal	57894.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	578.9 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

-				
	OXI	C	IT\	/
-	<u>U</u>			<u> </u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate	Acute LC50 486000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
d-Limonene	Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 688 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate	-	1.8	low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/	9/2017 Date of prev	ious issue : 4/6/2017	Version :	5 11/14
-------------------------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	-----------	---------

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
 Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations. Transport in bulk according : Not available. 					
to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code					
		shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship ty	pe	: Not available.		

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version : 5	12/14

: Not available.

Pollution category

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		On basis of test data Calculation method On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 9/9/2017	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2017	
Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	
Version	: 5	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mari UN = United Nations	fficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/9/201	7 Date of previous issue	: 4/6/2017	Version : 5	13/14
--	--------------------------	------------	-------------	-------

Section 16. Other information

to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.